M. McRae. Federal, Alta. 45:1-374

CALGARY LIVESTOCK EXCHANGE MAKES WAR ON POOL

See page 6.



OFFICIAL ORGAN OF

THE UNITED FARMERS of ALBERTA

CALGARY, ALBERTA, MAY, 1, 1926

No. 13

Are We Ready to Shoulder Responsibilities of Democratic Citizenship in the Coming Provincial Election?

Stimulus of Novelty of Our First Step in Democratic Political Action in 1921 Must Be Replaced By Other and Deeper Incentives-Three Necessary Elements in Social Reform Movement Which Hopes for Permanence—Are We Capable of Sustained Effort?

By PRESIDENT WOOD

Seven years ago the United Farmers of Alberta decided to enter the political field as an organized group. The fact of our being an organized group was incidental, rather than fundamental, in our decision. The thing that was fundamental in deciding the farmers of Alberta to put representatives in the Legislature and Parliament, was that we had a common interest we wanted represented. On account of our environment and lack of cohesion, to obtain this representation would have been impossible without systematic organization; especially would it have been impossible for us to select these representatives in a purely democratic way without systematic organi-

zation. The organization that
we possessed at that time, together with our inherent common interest, made it possible to enter the political field as

ARE WE READY TO MEET RESPONSIBILTY AGAIN?

In July, 1921, we made our first attempt, and so far as I am aware, it was the first attempt ever made by any considerable group of people, to carry on political activities in a purely democratic way. Some time during the coming summer we will be called on to face a Provincial election for a second time. We should be in a much better position to meet that responsibility than we were five years ago. But

The answer to the above question necessitates a close analysis of the present condition of the organization, the spirit of the membership, and the value they place on their citizenship rights and responsibilities, as compared with the whole situation five years ago.

EMERGED FROM CONDITION OF SORDID HOPELESSNESS

Five years ago our membership had just emerged from a condition of sordid hopelessness regarding the political situation and political institutions. They had long felt that

In the article below, President Wood issues a rousing call to action by all members and all branches of the Association, in preparation for the forthcoming Provin-Association, in preparation for the forthcoming Provincial General Election. The zeal with which political activities are carried on by the membership in this election, he states, will depend upon incentives to action of a deeper sort than the first enthusiasm, largely due

of a deeper sort than the first enthusiasm, largely due to the novelty of our undertaking, which was the driving ferce of the movement in the election of 1921.

Calling attention to the fact that the financing of political parties by outside interests has always been condemned by our organization as an outstanding evil of the party system, President Wood points out that although this evil is just as glaring as it ever was, there is today among the membership, an apparent lack of understanding of the necessity of providing the comparatively small funds necessary for the carrying on of political activities in the democratic way. He urges the membership in all parts of the Province to give their most careful attention and devote their best energies to the perfecting of the democratic machinery which they control. control.

whether or not it could be done successfully. They went into the campaign of 1921 with great enthusiasm. The novelty of doing this thing for the first time and the anxiety of our membership to prove that it could be done successfully, added immensely to that enthusiasm. The work was zealously carried forward everywhere,

the results of the exercise of their franchise were entirely un-

satisfactory, and many of them had become extremely pessimis-

tic in regard to the political future; but when they saw that the decision of the U. F. A. as

expressed at the Annual Convention of 1919, gave them an

opportunity to exercise their citizenship rights in their own

way, in the selection and elec-tion of their own representa-tives, they were very enthusi-astic in taking advantage of

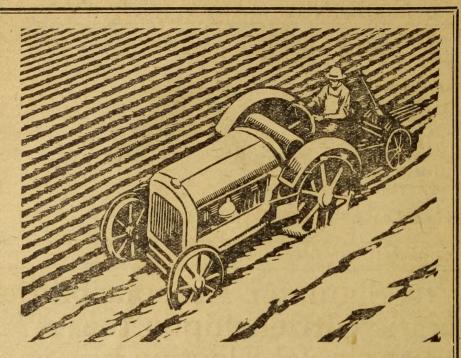
this first opportunity to see

and the results fully demonstrated what could be done.

At the present time we know that it can be done and we At the present time we know that it can be done and we know how to do it, but the novelty of doing it no longer exists and that of itself was a great stimulus to action. That stimulus having lost its effect, it behooves every voter who is in any way interested in social development and social progress to quietly take stock of the situation, with a view to finding where citizenship duty lies, and the best way of meeting citizenship resencesibility. of meeting citizenship responsibility. NO IMPORTANT REFORM

BY ONE EFFORT

I think perhaps the first and most important consideration preparatory to this stock-taking, is a full understanding of the fact that no important reform can be established by one effort. This has been proven true, especially in past efforts at political reform, many of which have been made through the medium of mass movements by farmers. After a first, concerted effort, however, disintegration invariably sets in. This, of course, was the direct result of a fatal error at the beginning; viz., inaugurating the reform movement on a wrong basis; past failures the result of efforts to reform
(Continued on page 5)



Protect Your Profits

By protecting the machinery that helps to earn them.

A disabled tractor means, perhaps, the loss of hours in locating the trouble with it, the loss of the time and labor of the men who operate it, and finally the inevitable loss of a certain percentage of *profits* in the final accounting.

A tractor whose energy is half-consumed in overcoming its faulty lubrication is only half-working for you. It cannot perform efficiently unless its lubricating agent is the best.

Aristo can be absolutely relied upon to protect every part of a tractor's intricate machinery with a smooth, even, friction-erasing film of oil.

Aristo is a SAFE, dependable lubricant. No tractor delays—no loss of profits. It will never fail you. It will pay you in dollars and cents.

Start it working for you today.



Tractor Oils

MADE IN CANADA



Union Oil Company

of Canada, Ltd.

A Dependable Lubricant to Make Tractors More Efficient

Athabasca Fund Now Nearly \$500

The total receipts to the Athabasca "Cess" Pool Fund, received up to April 27th, is \$475.19. Money is urgently needed and a much larger sum than has yet been received will be required to meet the situation. Contributions should be forwarded to Central Office. The object of the proceedings which have been instituted in Athabasca is to put an end to corruption in public life, by proving that wrong doing cannot be made to pay in public life in Alberta.

Receipts to the fund are acknowledged

below:
Previously acknowledged\$181.69

Standard 489	15.00
Mr. Rasmusson	1.00
Waskatenau U. F. W. A. 137	10.00
Doondale 783 Elk Point 564	1.50
	12.00
Sligo 209	2.00
Collholme 508	5.00
J. Johnson, Tofield	1.00
Wide Awake 990	5.00
Mapleine 641	1.00
Lake Thelma 234	5.00
Olds 11	5.00
Dolcy 658	4.00
Utopia 369	5.50
Calahoo 894	5.00
Milo 713	5.00
Clairmont Lake 85	10.00
Birch View 376	5.00
A. R. Hoag, Bowden	.25
Asker U. F. A. and U. F. W. A.	7.55
Iron Creek 417	2.75
Garden Plain 310	2.65
George 67	4.00
Frank Shepersky and Leon	0.00
Colomb, Cold Lake	2.00
Colomb, Cold Lake Broadview 1143 Linda 485	5.00
Linda 485	5.80
M. C. Patterson, Puffer	1.00
White Swan 56	3.50
Calumet 974	4.75
East Calgary Federal C. A	15.00
Atlee 664	2.75
D. M. Drinnan, Bulwark	1.00
J. O. Laughlin	2.50
Mrs. Burton and Mrs. Siverston (Renfrew U. F. W. A.)	.50
Pagenna 405	
Bassano 405	5.00 10.00
La Corey 468 T. A. Iddings, Rimbey Nakamun 1039	1.00
Nobamun 1020	1.50
A Friend, Conrich	1.00
Warden 767	5.00
Warden, 767 Earlie 607	3.50
	8.00
Poplar Grove 203 Olds U. F. W. A. 174 Verdun 1096	4.00
Olds II F 'W. A 174	5.00
Verdun 1096	1.50
Borschow 1018	3.50
Chain Lakes 629	3.50
Quinte 179	5.75
Quinte 179	2.00
Waterhole 383	10.00
Louise Lake 521	11.75
Viking 418	1.50
T. Gullickson, Erskine	1.00
E. O. Leigland, Bassano	- 1.00
Crooked Lake, 644	4.50
	\$430
Received by Harold King,	
secretary of Athahasca Federal	

Received by Harold King, secretary of Athabasca Federal Constituency Association, up to April 20th:

April 20th:	
A. J. J. Homer, Coronado	5.00
James Fulks, Egremont	.50
Mrs. O. Bottolfs	.50
Carl Bottolfs	.50
J. J. O'Brien	1.00
Alex. Kochan	1.00
P. Fulks	1.00
Warspite 796	31.00
Chas. Tillipaugh, Hamlin	1.00
P. H. Perley	1.00
Austin Howard	1,00
Mrs. Gittings, Sr., Egremont	1.00

44.50

\$475.19

SUBSCRIPTIONS

One Year\$2.00

Make remittances by money order or postal note. We cannot accept responsi-bility for currency forwarded through the

Change of Address—When ordering a change of address, the former as well as the present address should be given; otherwise the alteration cannot be made.

CIRCULATION

Average paid circulation Average 6 months ending March 31..21,821



Published by

THE UNITED FARMERS OF ALBERTA

LOUGHEED BUILDING

CALGARY - ALBERTA

Editor: W. NORMAN SMITH ADVERTISING

Commercial Display....20c per agate line (\$2.80 per inch)

Livestock display...(rates on application) Classified......3c per word prepaid No discount for time or space.

No discount for time or space.

New copy must reach us 8 days in advance of publication to ensure insertion.

No advertisements taken for liquor, or speculative investment schemes. None other than reliable advertisements will be knowingly accepted. Readers will confer a favor by advising us promptly of unsatisfactory dealings with advertisers. advertisers.

Vol. V.

CALGARY, ALBERTA, MAY 1, 1926

No. 13

PRINCIPAL CONTENTS ARE WE READY TO SHOULDER RESPONSIBILITIES IN ELECTION?___ 1 ATHABASCA FUND Now NEARLY \$500 ____ ___ BUDGET ON WHOLE COMMANDS SUPPORT OF FARMER MEMBERS__ WAR DECLARED ON CO-OPERATIVE LIVESTOCK POOL ____ Brooding and Feeding Chicks by Efficient Methods ____ Efficiency in Administration and Honesty of Purpose _____ News of the Organization 15 Didsbury Votes \$75 to Election Fund 15 U. F. A. Government Steadily Eradicating Weeds and Waste 16 RESOLUTION OF HUDSON HEIGHTS DEFICIENT IN LOGIC _____ 16 TAXES ON AUTOS ARE REDUCED BY BUDGET _____ 18

EDITORIAL

HAVE YOU REMITTED DUES?

In order that all paid-up members may receive their copies of "The U. F. A." without delay, secretaries are urged to remit dues on hand to Central Office promptly, and at the same time to send in a list of those who are entitled to receive the paper. It is laid down in the Constitution that "the Local shall make payment of all membership fees owing the Association promptly and at least once every three months."

The co-operation of all Local officers in this matter will be much appreciated. It is to be desired that all renewals shall be paid in as rapidly as possible, and that at the same time every effort should be made to secure new members.

AN INFAMOUS PROPAGANDA

Under the heading "Canadian Millers Receive Powerful Support From the West", the Canadian Milling and Grain Journal of Montreal publishes with unconcealed rejoicing the sympathetic editorials on the proposed wheat export duty from the Alberta Farmer and Calgary Weekly Herald. It is evident that this milling trade journal, which as the only millers' newspaper published in the Dominion, may quite fairly be regarded as the voice of the milling interests, regards the attitude which has been taken by the Alberta

Farmer as highly encouraging.

The Canadian Milling and Grain Journal is not content, however, with an export duty on wheat manufactured in bond in the United States. Its editorials plainly indicate that the proposal now being advanced by the millers, is regarded only as a first step, and that the ultimate aim is the wholesale robbery of the Canadian farmers by the imposition of taxation which would provide the control of the wheat from the Dominion. It is also indicated just as plainly that the milling trade hopes to make use of political pressure to secure the enactment of its demands by the politicians at Ottawa.

In its February number, this milling journal complains somewhat peevishly that the Farmer members at Ottawa are opposed to the proposed export tax on the wheat growers' product, and hints very broadly that this resistance in Parliament must be overcome.

Looking beyond the smoke-screen of politics and prejudice (says the Canadian Milling and Grain Journal), the situation admits of one clear cut solution. THE WHOLE
OF THE CANADIAN GRAIN CROPS SHOULD EVENTUALLY BE MANUFACTURED INTO THE FINISHED
ARTICLE IN CANADA, AND EXPORTED TO FOREIGN MARKETS AS FLOUR. This is the ideal, and so
far from being impossible of attainment through the
accident of geography, IT IS AN IDEAL QUITE CAPABLE OF ACHIEVEMENT BY THE POWERS THAT

BE AT OTTAWA. The whole of the profits of manufacture would thus be retained in Canada Our slogan should be "CANADIAN MILLS FOR CANADA'S WHEAT."

This means, if it means anything, that the whole of the exportable surplus of Canada's wheat must be held in Canada for the benefit of the Canadian millers, and that Parliament must be employed as the tool of the milling trade in the execution of the most outrageous form of wholesale robbery by legislation that has ever been seriously advanced. Any newspaper in any part of Canada which gives the slightest countenance to the export duty proposals, even though these proposals be confined for the time being to an export duty on wheat milled in bond in the United States, is giving countenance and encouragement to an infamous propaganda.

FARMERS SECURED REDUCTION OF AUTO TARIFF

Thanks to the fact that the Ottawa Government is dependent for its existence upon the Farmer, Labor and Independent members of the House of Commons, it has been possible to secure in the budget brought down last week some reforms of high value to the vast masses of the people.

The reduction in the tax on automobiles was included in the budget proposals on the direct recommendation of the Executive of the Farmer members. There can be no doubt whatever that this welcome reduction is due entirely to our Farmer representatives. In the last Parliament G. G. Coote made repeated but unsuccessful efforts, in behalf of the Farmer group, to secure a reduction. The reduction was one of the principal items in the Farmer members' program submitted to the Government, at the beginning of the present session. The influence of these members upon the budget proposals is to be seen also in one or two other directions.

The differentiation between earned and unearned incomes, though it has been observed in Great Britain for many years past, has been recognized in a Canadian budget for the first That is all to the good, as is the extension of the

family allowances.

The general policy of reduction of the income tax, how-ever, is regrettable. The heavy cuts made in the taxation of the super-rich is especially to be deplored. The taxes must come from some source, and an income tax, steeply graduated to bear most heavily upon those most able to bear it, would be the best of all taxes. The tariff and other indirect taxes all bear unfairly upon the masses of the people, since there can be no graduation according to the ability of the taxpayer to pay. The average citizen, however, pays enormous sums on practically every imported manufactured article which he buys, and because the tax is disguised, does not realize when he pays high prices, just how great a proportion of these prices represents taxation. That is another evil of indirect taxation, and a good reason why the income tax should be retained, as the fairest alternative.

The cost of a Ford touring car has been cut by \$25 as a result of the reduction of the tariff, while on various other cars the reduction is lower. These reductions are directly due to the election of a group of Farmer members who hold the balance of power at Ottawa.

How much did you pay towards the cost of the last Federal election campaign? And how many times will your contribution be repaid in the reduction of the price of this one item of future expenditure?

one item of future expenditure?

When the new Alberta Liberal leader was proving by word and deed the futility of partyism, he received no more notice in the party press than the U. F. A. members who have remained true to independence of partyism did then or

do now. But when he suddenly discovered that the party system (Continued on page 15)

Budget on Whole Commands Support of Farmer Members Though Some Features Do Not Arouse Enthusiam

Amendment to Soldiers' Settlement Act Passes Second Reading — Conservatives, With Some Exceptions, Treat Questions From Party Standpoint—Old Age Pensions Bill Likely to Pass the House of Commons

By G. G. COOTE, M.P.

OTTAWA, April 19.—After many weeks of tiresome debate, the House of Commons has settled down to work, and we are able to record some progress. Our group has done comparatively little talking this session. We did a good deal in the last Parliament. Now as a result of the co-operation between Liberal, Progressive, Farmer, Labor and Independent groups, legislation which we had been advocating for the past four years is coming before the House.

ANXIOUS TO PREVENT SERIOUS BUSINESS

Too much talk prevents legislation being passed. There is no doubt the Conservatives were anxious to prevent any business being transacted. Their flood of talk was mainly for that purpose. They wanted to show that the Government could not function. We are often tempted to reply to unfair criticism from the Conservative side of the House, but if we do it only helps to prolong discussion, and holds up the legislation which we are anxious to have passed.

AMENDMENT TO SOLDIER SETTLEMENT ACT

After a long debate, an amendment to the Soldier Settlement Act passed its second reading. This bill provides that any settler who has purchased land from the Soldier Settlement Board and is still residing on his farm and who believes that he paid an excessive price for it, may appeal to the Board for a revaluation. Most of the discussion centred on that section of the bill covering the constitution of the Board of Arbitration. The Conservative leaders insisted that all appeals should be heard and decided by the judge of the district court, but after strong objection to this method had been registered by several Conservative members from Manitoba, the bill was allowed to go through. The bill now provides that in all cases the appeal shall be heard by an arbitration board consisting of the judge of the district court, one person representing the Soldier Settlement Board and one person representing the settler.

The Conservatives were responsible for the inauguration of the Soldier Settlement scheme. They admit that some system of revaluation is necessary if the settlers are to be retained on the land; yet the passage of the bill was held up for days by petty criticism from prominent members of the opposition. The speech of Colonel Mullins, Conservative member for Marquette, was a welcome change from the petty criticism of most of the Conservatives. I will quote just a few sentences from his remarks: "Anyway, I am not playing politics in this. I only want to play the game fair. I think the Minister has a bill which meets with the approval of the returned

As stated by Robert Gardiner, M.P., chairman of the U. F. A. group, in an interview recently published in this paper, the amendment of the Soldiers' Settlement Act, to provide fairer conditions for the settlers, was one of the items of legislation upon which the Farmer members insisted in their presentation to the Government of a program of desired legislation. The reduction of the tariff on automobiles was also secured by the Farmer members of the House, but this could not be announced by the Farmer group prior to the presentation of the budget. In the last Parliament, Mr. Coote moved in behalf of the Farmer group, to reduce the tariff on automobiles, but at that time the Government, which was not dependent for support upon the Farmer votes, was unsympathetic to the proposal. The Government having decided to reduce the income tax, the influence of the Farmer members is seen in the fact that the smaller incomes are given special consideration, and in the family allowances.

the family allowances.

A. M. Boutillier, U. F. A. member for Vegreville, will contribute an Ottawa article to our next issue.

men and of the soldier settlers on the land who are asking for redress and for some assistance in the way of revaluation." Other Western Conservative members appeared to approach the matter with a non-partizan attitude which was very refreshing, after listening to the criticism of their leader



G. G. COOTE, M.P.

PENSIONS ACT TO PASS COMMONS

An Act to Provide for Old Age Pensions has been introduced and seems fairly sure of being passed by the House of Commons. Under its provisions persons seventy years of age who are Canadian citizens and who have resided in Canada for twenty years and who have not an income exceeding \$125 per year, may receive a pension of \$20 per month. The Dominion Government is to pay half the amount required for the pensions, the other half to be paid by the Province in which the applicant resides. It will only apply in such Provinces as pass the legislation necessary to bring it into force.

The House recently spent one whole day passing three items in the estimates of the Department of Agriculture. It must have been evident to anyone but a politician that some better way of discussing estimates should be found. I hope next year that Parliament will decide to send these estimates to the different select committees of the House, for discussion and approval, before coming to the House of Commons.

BUDGET BEFORE THE COMMONS

The annual budget was brought down on Thursday. We have not had time to analyze it carefully, but the financial statement as presented by Mr. Robb is quite encouraging. It shows a net reduction in the national debt during the year of \$22,353,000. The National Railways have had the best year in their history. Their net earnings over all operating charges, exclusive of interest amount to \$33,000,000. The annual interest charge is \$71,800,000, of which \$40,000,000 is payable on securities held by the public. The balance of \$31,800,000 is held by the Government. The good showing of the National Railways last year is said to be due to the bountiful crop, but when the railway estimates are before the House, I have no doubt we will be told that our grain is hauled at

Other outstanding features of the budget are first,—the reduction of customs tariff on automobiles and motor trucks. The tariff on automobiles valued at not more than \$1,200 and on all motor trucks and motorcycles is reduced from 35 per cent. to 20 per cent. Automobiles valued at more than \$1,200 reduced from 35 per cent. to 27½ per cent. A drawback of 25 per cent. will be paid on materials used in the manufacture of above mentioned motor vehicles, provided that at least 50 per cent. of the cost of the finished article is produced in Canada.

finished article is produced in Canada.

The automobile manufacturers have raised a cry of blue ruin and the General Motors at Oshawa are reported to have closed their factory (this factory has since been reopened—Editor), in an at-

tempt to scare the Government, but as statistics show that the total wages and salaries paid by the industry amount to only 16½ per cent. of the selling price of their product and they still have 20 per cent. protection, even on the low priced cars, there is no doubt about their ability to carry on their industry in

Mr. Robb announced a return to penny postare. After July 1st next letters will be carried for two cents instead of three, as at present.

REDUCTION OF INCOME TAX

The most interesting announcement to many people was the reduction of income tax. The principle of taxing incomes is economically sound. It is based on the tax payer's ability to pay and we think some of the other taxes might be reduced first. There has been so much propaganda in favor of reduction of this tax, that it was bound to come. There are, however, certain very welcome changes in regard to this tax. The act is now presented in a new and less complicated form, one which will make the tax easier to calculate. A distinction has been made between yearly earnings and income derived from investments. increase in exemptions will be welcomed by a large number of taxpayers who have small incomes.

While there are certain things in the budget which we are not wildly enthusiastic about, I believe on the whole it is a budget which commands our support. One statement in Mr. Robh's budget speech, of much interest to Western Canada, was his reference to the increase of our exports of cattle to Great Britain since the removal of the embargo. Of course it was fortunate for us that the Old Country market was opened to our stocker cattle, but it would be difficult to convince some of the men who raised these cattle that they had made enough profit on the transaction to pay the expenses of Honorable Dun-can Marshall, Honorable Manning Do-herty Honorable Robert Rogers and all the other numerous Honorable Gentlemen who claim the credit for removing the embargo in Great Britain.

U. S. MARKET STILL CLOSED

Meanwhile, the United States market is almost closed to us by a tariff of two cents a pound. The average value of cattle exported to the United States has dropped from \$61 in 1915 and \$93 in 1920 to \$39 per head in 1924. If as much effort were made to secure free entry of our cattle to the United States, as was made to secure the removal of the British embargo, some improvement might be made in the situation. We have in Britain a Canadian High Commis-sioner, four Canadian trade agents and a special agricultural agent. We have no Canadian Ambassador at Washington and only one trade agent in the whole of the United States. One of our objectives is a Canadian Ambassador at Washington to assist in bringing about better trade relations between Canada and the United States. We also need more trade commissioners to promote trade between these two countries.

The next two weeks will likely be taken up with the discussion of the budget, so it will be about the first of May before we really begin again to make progress with our legislative pro-解特別

ARE WE READY TO SHOULDER RESPONSIBILITIES OF DEMO-CRATIC CITIZENSHIP?

(Continued from page 1)

Reformation of a a wrong system. wrong thing is impossible. Real reform consists of eradicating wrong things and subsituting right ones. We believe that we started on the right basis, by substituting a new political system for the old. We are convinced that the old system is wrong, and we still believe our new system is right.

There are three necessary elements that enter into social reform movements. One of these is the Right Basis, which we believe we have. The other two are: Practical Methods and Sustained Effort. We believe that so far, our methods of procedure have been entirely practical. This leaves the vital question of whether we shall go forward, or by inaction let disintegration set in. In other words, are we going to sustain our effort?

DEEPER INCENTIVES TO ACTION

Sustained effort through a long, continued process cannot be supported by continuous enthusiasm. In our political activities, regular periods of enthusiasm may and should occur, but the enthusiasm incident to the novelty of doing a thing for the first time can only occur once. The zeal with which we carry on our political activities in the coming election will depend primarily on other and deeper incentives to action. It will depend on our realization of citizenship responsibilities and the value we put on our opportunities.

If this citizenship consciousness has been growing and developing in us for the last five years, as it should, we will not only go forward with our work in the coming campaign, but will do so enthusiastically.

The first thing we should do is to refresh our minds on our responsibilities. All there is to be done in the campaign will have to be done by US. no political bosses to direct and take the responsibility for this work. It is OURS, from the very first move that is made in the selection of delegates to the Convention, till the election is over.

The machinery itself, for carrying on the work, is not by any means in the condition it should be. The Locals need reviving. There are evidences that this revival is taking place, but not to the extent that should be. Meetings of the Locals with full attendance should be held and the whole situation reviewed. Each Local should make a concerted effort to get in all available material for membership. Meetings of the smaller district organizations should be held and an inventory made of all Locals in the district and the condition of each one analyzed. There should be a concerted effort to revive dormant Locals, if any, and to assist the weaker ones. Each and to assist the weaker ones. constituency organization should get together and thoroughly analyze the situagetner and thoroughly analyze the situation in the whole constituency, and perfect the best organization possible. The right kind of delegates should be selected in ample time. Each Local should attend to this and also provide for its part of the necessary finances.

FINANCES NECESSARY TO CARRY ON

One of the most disappointing and discouraging things in our whole political movement, is the seeming indifference on the part of the membership in providing sufficient finances to carry on. This is especially disappointing, as before we started our movement the financing of political parties by outside interests was condemned by the members of our organization as an outstanding evil of the party system. This evil is just as great and just as glaring as it ever was. We have reduced the necessary expenses of carrying on political activities to the minimum, to a mere pittance, and still there seems to be a lamentable indifference among a large number of our membership in providing this pittance. This is not only wrong, but it is dangerous. If we refuse to provide the necessary finance to carry on our movement, it will fail, or have to be financed from some other source. In the latter case, control and finance will come from the same source. We cannot escape the fact that we get what we pay for, and we pay for what we

There will be work from now until the election for everyone interested in our movement for better politics and better government. Everyone in the organization should do his part, the private members, the Local leaders, the district leaders, the constituency leaders and the Provincial leaders, should all work together systematically. This can be dead by putting the reaching we the be done by putting the machinery of the organization in working order and making it work. It can be done in no other The Local work will depend primarily on the Local workers. Their efforts, of course, can be supplemented by outside assistance, where that assistance is needed and available.

DEAD DEMOCRATS CANNOT FUNCTION

The work will be easy where the Local members have had enough citizenship interest to keep their Locals alive and at work, but where the individuals in the Locals have slept while the Local died the resurrection of the Local must await the reawakening of the individ-uals. Democracy must be carried on by living, awakened democrats. A dead democrat functions only when properly planted in a graveyard. He cannot function in vital democracy.

Are we dead? I do not believe it. Are we dying? I do not believe it. Are we asleep? Some of us have been, but we are already beginning to awaken. and when that process is complete, and our membership lined up in proper formation, we will represent the greatest organized democratic force that ever

went into political action.

CALL TO ACTION HAS COME

The call to action has come. That call is to all of us collectively and to each individually. No one can force us, or any one of us to respond. The response must be voluntary. All demo-cratic action is voluntary. The work itself is great, and the call urgent, and none can respond for us. What will the response be? It is up to you. It is up to me. Each must answer for himself. What will be YOUR answer?

-0-SCAPA LOCAL FORMED

Fifteen members paid dues in the new Scapa Local, organized by J. K. Sutherland recently, in Hand Hills constituency. A. B. Hanson and J. B. Mackensie were eleated afficers:

War Declared on Co-operative Livestock Pool By Calgary Livestock Exchange; License of U.L.G., Ltd., Suspended.

Without Offering Any Complaint, Board Arbitrarily Suspends License—Pool Refuses to Reveal Its Business Affairs to Principal Trade Rivals—Pool Applies to Ottawa for Special License—Shippers Can Ship as Usual With Absolute Confidence-Powers of Provincial Government if Federal Government Fails

War was declared on the Alberta Livestock Pool on April 26th, when the Calgary Livestock Exchange indefinitely suspended the license of the United Livestock Growers, Ltd., without offering any reason or preferring any charge whatsoever against the Pool.

This arbitrary action followed the refusal of the officers of the Pool to permit the representatives of three of the strongest rivals of the co-operative com-pany (Mr. Parslow of the firm of Parslow & Denoen, Mr. Biggs of the Mayland Commission Company, and Mr. Furgeson of Adams, Wood & Weiller) to make an examination into all the books and records of the United Livestock Grow-

The U. L. G., Ltd., have applied by wire to the Department of Agriculture, Ottawa, for a special license under the Livestock and Livestock Products Act, for a limited period, pending an investigation by the Department into the tigation by the Department action taken by the Calgary Exchange.

"BUSINESS AS USUAL", STATES U. L. G. PRESIDENT

The officers of the United Livestock Growers, Ltd., state with confidence, in a circular issued by C. Rice-Jones, president, "Whatever happens we will be doing business as usual. We have re-cently been handling nearly 50 per cent. of the livestock on the Calgary and Ed-monton markets. Whatever steps are taken by our opposition, arrangements will be made to handle the stock received by us."

The demand for U. L. G., Ltd., to turn over its books for examination by three of its principal rivals was made on April 17th, when Messrs. Parslow, Biggs and Furgeson stated that they had been appointed by the directors of the exchange to make the inquiry, and at the same time declined to make any charge President complaint. promptly rejected the demand; his action was confirmed the same day by the Alberta section of the board of the U. L. G.. consisting of Messrs. Claypool, Mc-Millan and Stearns.

POOL REFUSES TO REVEAL AFFAIRS TO RIVALS

For this refusal to reveal the details of the business of the co-operative organization to its principal rivals, Wm. Southard, head salesman and manager of the Calgary office, who represents the company's membership on the exchange, was instructed to appear before the exchange directors on April 19th. The president again declined to give way, the reasons for this refusal to capitulate being given in the following letter from the president of the U. L. G. to the exchange, dated April 19th, to which the exchange has to date made no reply:

The letter under date of the 16th inst., from the committee of investigation, signed by yourself, Mr. Biggs and Mr. Furgeagn, has been referred to me this morning, i underestand from the officials of this

"BUSINESS AS USUAL"

Following the arbitrary action of the Calgary Livestock Exchange, in its war against the co-operative livestock marketing Pool, President C. Rice-Jones of the U. L. G. Ltd., announced on April 26th that whatever happens the company will be doing "business as usual." Important information for all U. L. G. shippers is given below.

company connected with the Calgary office that no intimation of any kind has been received from your organization suggesting the nature of any alleged infractions of your By-laws and Regulations, nor has any exception been taken to our method of trading on the yards. I cannot believe that the rules and regulations of the Exchange ever contemplated such an extraordinary procedure as to permit the appointment of a committee of representatives of competing firms, whose system of carrying on business is entirely different from ours, to have free access to our books and records without any access to our books and records without any intimation to us of the reason for such an investigation or the nature of any complaint made to the Exchange which has led to this

SUSPENSION. BUT NO REPLY

Instead of replying to Mr. Rice-Jones' letter. the exchange wrote to the U.L.G. as follows:

as follows:

"Take notice that at a meeting of the Board of Directors held this day, the privilege of the Commission Merchants License which your firm holds from the Calgary Livestock Exchange, Limited, has been suspended indefinitely, commencing Monday morning, April 26th. 1926.

"You will please govern yourself accord-

"Yours truly,
"CALGARY LIVESTOCK EXCHANGE,

Per I. V. Parslow, President. Jas. C. Paulin, Sec.-Treas. Here again there was no charge made, and the Pool was sentenced and con-demned without being informed of any

complaint whatsoever.
"How long could the Wheat Pool or any other co-operative organization live if its opponents could walk into their office at any time and have free access to their books and records?" asks Mr. Rice-Jones in a statement issued on April 26th. "This would create an absolutely intolerable situation for any cooperative marketing organization, and I do not believe the producers of livestock in Alberta will stand for this kind of

procedure.

"The course taken by the United Livestock Growers since the Committee of Investigation first appeared at their office on Saturday, the 17th, has been heartily and entirely approved by a meeting of the full Board of United Livestock Growers, Ltd., held in Calgary this morning. The Board of Directors wish to say to the Livestock Shipping Associations and producers whom they represent in Alberta that as far as they are concerned this is going to be a fight to the finish. They intend to find out whether they are running United Livestock Growers or the Directors of the Calgary Livestock Exchange.

"In the final analysis it is up to the pre-ductors of livestock who swn this concern

to decide whether our course of action is justified or not and we are quite prepared to leave the decision in their hands. We have applied by wire to Ottawa for a special license which the Department of Agriculture can grant under the Livestock and Livestock Products Act. We have asked for this license for a limited period pending an investigation by the Department as to whether our actions have been justified."

OTTAWA FORBIDS

WEIGHING FOR U. L. G. On April 26th, the Department of Agriculture at Ottawa wired the manager of the Alberta Stockyards Company, instructing him not to weigh any live-

stock for the U. L. G.

"This need not in any way alarm ship-pers, however; the shipping associations and shippers can with confidence continue to send their stock forward to the United Livestock Growers, Calgary, as usual," was the definite assurance given by C. Rice-Jones, president of the United Livestock Growers, in an interview with "The U. F. A."

AT THE FULL MARKET PRICE

"All stock, whether cattle, hogs or sheep, will be settled for at the full market price, whether actually sold or not. Hogs that have been weighed at country points will be settled for on the basis of the country weights, less the average shrinkage from the shipping points. If no Government grader is available, they will be graded by our hog salesman, Alex. Beveridge. Hogs that have not been weighed at country points will be settled for on an off car basis, the off car weights being used, or the off car weights on all of them will be taken if preferable to the shipper. These weights will be procurable from the railway company.

"With regard to cattle, where it is not possible to make a sale, on account of buyers having been warned by the exchange to keep away from our alleys, the cattle will be marked up at the full market price after consultation with the shipper, and arrangements are under way for the weighing of these cattle elsewhere than on the stockyards. If the cattle shippers prefer, or if further obstacles are put in the way of weighing cattle, a liberal advance on the agreed value of the cattle will be made to the shippers, and final settlement made whenever weighing facilities are again available. In the case of it being necessary to hold the cattle, the hay bill after the first day will be paid by the selling agency.
"The board of directors feel that this

is the organization's fight, and individ-ual shippers will be absolutely protected against any loss. Whatever loss may against any loss. Whatever loss may occur will be borne by the organization as a whole. The gauntlet has been thrown down by the Calgary Livestock Exchange. We have taken up the challenge, absolutely confident that the final outcome will be complete victory.

"The present difficulty, I may say, in no way affects our position on the Eds

monton market."

George Hoadley, Provincial Minister of Agriculture, pointed out in an inter-view that the stockyards are at present regulated by the Federal Government, and the livestock exchanges are permitted to make their own regulations, which must be approved by the Federal Department of Agriculture. If regulation

by the Dominion Government failed, however, as he had stated on another occasion in the Assembly, when an investigation into the operations of the livestock yards was asked for in a motion by Messrs. Claypool and N. S. Smith, the Provincial Government has the right to wipe out the enabling legislation and take control of the situation itself. COURT GRANTS INJUNCTION

Since the above was written and as we go to press an injunction has been granted in the Supreme Court of Alberta, against the Alberta Stockyards Company and the Calgary Livestock Exchange, restraining them from depriving the U. L. G. of its rights. Operations will therefore be carried on as usual. Further news next Issue.-Editor.

Brooding and Feeding Chicks by the Most **Efficient Modern Methods**

Issued by the Alberta Egg and Poultry Pool

Brooding and feeding chicks today is a very different proposition to what it used to be a few years ago, when the only appliances available, except old Mother Hen, were the lamp burning portable hover, or the old fashioned box brooder, known to poultrymen of today as the "death trap." In those days only about 50 per cent. of all chicks hatched ever developed into profitable birds.

The coal burning brooder stove has taken the uncertainty out of the brood-

ing problem, and any person with averintelligence can raise almost every chick to speedy maturity, by simply fitting up an unused granary, procuring a brooder stove of a reliable make, and following the manufacturer's directions.

SUITABLE SIZE OF **BROODER HOUSE**

A very suitable size of brooder house for from 200 to 400 chicks is 12x18, the 12 feet way to face south, which should have a door in one corner. The rest of this side should be tightly boarded up about 2 feet from the floor; above this should be glass windows 2 feet high, then cotton screens 2 feet, built on 1x2 frames, which should be hinged at the top to open inward on all fine days, to give chicks plenty of fresh air. Fresh air is very necessary. These screens should be closed at night; enough fresh air will come through the cotton during the night for ventilation.

Great care should be taken that there are no drafts. If lumber is not tight, cover with tarpaper and laths, always running paper up and down (not round the building), as it will hang better and make a tighter job. It is wise to lath at, and between the joints. Floor drafts are sure death to young chicks, so provide a space for the brooding compartment by lining up a space for the brooder stove two to three feet high on the inside of the building, to guard against floor drafts; then bend 1-2 inch lum-ber in the four corners to keep chicks from crowding therein (as per plan).

WILL ACCOMMODATE ABOUT 400 CHICKS

This floor plan of brooder house is 12x18 ft., equipped with the largest size brooder stove, rated by the manufacturers as the thousand or twelve hundred chick size. It will accommodate about 400 chicks from a day old to weaning time, when cockerels must be taken out and sold, or fattened for broilers.

All manufacturers of brooder stoves rate the capacity by the day old baby chicks they will accommodate. These figures should be halved, to give the maximum number of chicks they will accommodate to weaning age, or the age when they can get along without arti-ficial heat (generally from five to six weeks, according to weather conditions).
Hard coal being difficult to procure

in Alberta, the large stove will prove more satisfactory than the smaller sizes, as it holds more soft coal and will hold fire longer. The extra cost is trifling, taking into consideration that with care brooder stove will last a lifetime.

It is wise for the beginner to hang an ordinary good house thermometer just at the edge of the hover, with bulb two inches from the floor, and keep it about 100 degrees the first few days until he or she gains experience in regulating the heat of the stove. Very soon one can tell by the action of the chicks round the hover if the temperature is correct. It is a safe plan to have a little too much heat for the first week to ten days, as

NOATH WALL (0) SCHATCH PON TEMPORARY DOARDS TO G CHICHE INTO HOVER SRACE FIRST FEW DAYS

heat is very necessary for the proper absorption of the yolk, which the chick takes into its body a few hours before it is hatched.

Always run the brooder stove two days before chicks are put in, to make sure it is running correctly.

BEST METHOD OF FEEDING BABY CHICKS

The dry deep litter method of feeding chicks is by far the safest, easiest, and cheapest way to raise the farm flock.

When chicks are from 48 to 60 hours old, take them from the incubator or chick boxes in which they have been shipped, dip each chick's beak in tepid water (not cold), allow each chick to take three or four swallows of water. Then three or four swallows of water. put them down on the floor of the broad-

er house on which has been scattered coarse sand, leave them on this sanded floor for half an hour (a chick's first feed should be a little coarse sand). Then put over sand about one inch of litter. Fine cut alfalfa hay, or alfalfa leaves is by far the best, but fine cut wheat straw or chaff will do. Three times a day scatter a little granulated oatmeal into this litter to encourage chicks to scratch and exercise. After the first four or five days gradually change to a good brand of commercial chick grains.

Dry mash should be kept in hoppers before the chicks at all times from the start. It is safer to use a well known chick starter or chick mash for the first three or four weeks. Such are evenly balanced and ground very much finer than home mixed mashes, which is a very great advantage.

There are chick feeds on the market which have been used with very excellent results; in fact large bunches of chicks have been raised to maturity with practically no mortality. Full feeding instructions are sent with each package. If one will give chicks a little intelligent care and follow these instructions, success is assured.

Sour skim milk, or buttermilk, should be before the chicks always in clean chick feeders, or a ten pound lard pail with a small hole at the top, then filled with milk and turned over into straight edged pie plate, or any other method which will keep chicks from getting wet.

WHEN TO LET CHICKS INTO SCRATCHING PEN

When chicks are from six to ten days old, let them out into the scratching pen, which is littered six to eight inches deep with cut straw or fine chaff in which has been buried fifty pounds of the fine chick grains. The chicks will be found busy all day digging away in this litter, thereby gaining exercise which is so necessary for proper development. As chicks have to work hard for all the grains they eat, there is no danger of over-eating.

Chicks should be let outside as soon as possible after the first week. It is wise to build a one inch wire run, coming to a point at the door by which chicks enter the brooder house to guide them back to the hover, to avoid chicks getting lost. Follow the rule with young chicks, "All roads lead to the hover." Cover the ground with oats in the outside run and dig them in. These will sprout and chicks will scratch and dig

for the tender sprouts. "DON'TS" FOR THE CHICKEN RAISER.

Don't feed any wet or moistened feed to chicks.

Don't feed hard bolled eggs until chicks are ten days old.

(Continued on page 14)

Efficiency in Administration Combined With Honesty of Purpose Revealed in Record of Recent Session

One of Shortest Sessions on Record Proves One of the Most Fruitful in Accomplishment for the Good of the Province—Review of the Work of the Session

By JOHN MACKENZIE

The 1926 session of the Alberta Legislative Assembly, while one of the shortest on record, has been one of the most fruitful in accomplishment for the good of the Province.

It has provided a splendid example of efficiency in administration combined with honesty of purpose.

Opposition critics have claimed the reverse, but neither in the debate on the Speech from the Throne, nor in the de-bate on the Budget did they challenge the Government's position by an amend-

Seventy-one bills have been passed during the session. Many are amendments to existing acts, but others, such as the Insurance Act and the Municipal Districts Act, constitute a complete revision of the acts previously in force.

For the first time in a number of years, the public accounts showed a surplus of revenue over income, the amount being \$188,019.00, the second largest surplus in the Province's history.

LETHBRIDE NORTHERN ON BETTER BASIS

The Edmonton, Dunvegan and British Columbia Railway, which has been a problem of the Province since 1910, will probably, as a result of steps taken this session, cease to be the drain on the

Province that it has been in the past.

Another commitment of the past, the Lethbridge Northern Irrigation scheme, has been placed on a better business basis, and although the Province will for a number of years assist the farmers of that area to meet the interest on the indebtedness of the district, settlement has proceeded very rapidly, and all in the south country feel very hopeful about

the ultimate success of the project.

The bill transferring to the Province its natural resources has been carried to the committee stage, and only awaits the taking of similar action in the Dominion House and the consent of the Imperial Parliament to become law. Agreement has been reached between the Governments concerned on the principle of the bill. The Provincial Assembly will meet on or about May 5 to consider any amendments that may be inserted by the

The Farm Loan legislation is also awaiting action of the Dominion auth-

A railway extension of 27 miles into the fertile Pembina section has been authorized, as also short extensions to the A. & G. W. and the Lacombe and North-Western Railways.

The Province has asked the Dominion for a license to enable it to control development of the Spray Lakes power site, and also that the Board of Public Utility Commissioners of the Province shall have jurisdiction of the issuing of charters:

ROAD CONSTRUCTION

A further extensive program of building highways and market roads throughout the Province has been authorized.

Despite representations made by both prohibitionists and hotelkeepers, the Government decided to make no changes in the Liquor Act, on the ground that the act had not yet had a fair trial, also that petitioners had the Direct Legislation Act available.

Discussion of the Geo. P. Smith case proved that no political move attached

to the prosecution.

The Legislature has decided to apply the interest on the \$112,000 which is the Province's share of the Canada Wheat Board's surplus, to the development of co-operative marketing, and to agricultural research.

The telephone system is showing an increase in income and decrease in operating costs, but owing to excessive capitalization caused by large expenditures in 1921 for colonization telephones, an inquiry is being instituted into the whole telephone situation, with a view of putting the system on a business basis, as regards capitalization and rates.

The redistribution committee, representative of all shades of opinion in the Assembly which was appointed last year, failed to agree, the Liberals being against changes at the present time. quently, the changes made will be confined to the separation of rural from urban areas in the Medicine Hat, Calgary and Edmonton districts.

There will be no increase in taxation this year. The supplementary tax levy will be reduced by approximately 20 per cent. by reason of reduced assessments.

NEW LEGISLATION OF RECENT SESSION

The provisions of the Mothers' Allowance Act will be extended to wives whose husbands are totally incapacitated.

For the assistance of primary education, a new system of graded school grants has been authorized, which will be of great assistance in parts of the Province where settlement is sparse or crops have been light. The Education Act has been amended to allow the department to undertake the supplying of school books to pupils and others, which should do much to reduce the cost of

Regulations affecting the drilling of oil and gas wells will, it is hoped, encourage the development of an industry which promises much for the prosperity of the Province.

The principle of a nine-hour day for labor is now incorporated in the statutes of the Province, and a commission has been appointed to investigate the practicebility or otherwise of the eight-hour day in this Province.

Increased protection is given to widows under the amendments to the Dower Act, passed at this session.

An Act for the Settlement of Labor Disputes establishes machinery to substitute arbitration for strikes. was made necessary by the Dominion Lemieux Act being declared ultra vires, and the Province decided to bring forward an act of their own, as it was felt that long distance supervision of labor disputes from Ottawa was not conducive to speedy settlement of disputes.

LABOR, INDEPENDENT, AND SOME LIBERAL SUPPORT

During the session the Government has had the general support of the two Labor members, and of the Independent member, R. Pearson, of Calgary; while Mrs.
Nellie McClung has also supported the
Government in the majority of divisions.
The Assembly during the session lost
the services of Chas. R. Mitchell, leader

of the Opposition, who has been elevated to the Supreme Court Bench. His place has been taken by J. C. Bowen, Edmonton Liberal member. While handicapped by lack of numbers, and by the lack of material for criticism in the Government's administrative and legislative program, the opposition has been fair and of value in the conduct of the work of the Province, the only persistent obstructionist being R. C. Marshall, of

Premier Brownlee, in his first session as Premier, has earned a permanent reputation for statesmanship, and has been ably backed by his cabinet and by the other members of the Government. The only criticism to be made is that he has been overworking himself, conducting the offices of Premier and Attorney-

BILLS PASSED DURING RECENT SESSION

Herewith is a list of the bills passed into law at this session:

No. 1—Amending the Acts and Ordinances Constituting the Charter of the City of Calgary.

No. 2-Amending the Lethbridge Charter. No. 3-An Act to Incorporate St. Joseph's

No. 4-Amending Chapter 41 of the Statutes of Alberta, 1910 (second session) being an Act to Incorporate the Calgary Young Women's Christian Association.

No. 5—Amending the Acts Constituting Edmonton Charter and to Validate Certain Local Improvement and Other Bylaws of

ne City of Edmonton.
No. 6—An Act to incorporate the Edmonton Mutual Building Loan Association, Limited. No. 7—An Act for the Protection of Persons Employed in Factories, Shops and

Office Buildings.

No. 8—An Act to Amend the Boilers Act. No. 9—Amending Superannuation Act. No. 10—An Act respecting Insurance. No. 11-Amending the Municipal Hail Insurance Act.

No. 18-An Act respecting Municipal Dis-

No. 13-Amending the Agricultural Pests Act

No. 14-Amending the Alberta Evidence

15-Amending the Alberta Pharmaceutical Association Act.

No. 16-Amending the Telephone and Telegraph Act.
No. 17—An Act respecting the Lacombe

and Northwestern Railway

No. 18—An Act respecting the Alberta and Great Waterways Railway Company.

No. 19-Amending the Dental Association

No. 20—Amending the Societies Act, 1924. No. 21—An Act to Provide for the Pre-

vention and Suppression of Fires.

No. 22—Amending the Lethbridge Northern Colonization Act.

No. 23—Amending the Irrigation Districts

No. 24-Amending the Drainage Districts

No. 25—Amending the Noxious Weeds Act. No. 26—Amending the Vehicles and High-ay Traffic Act, 1924.

No. 27-Amending the School Assessment

No. 28—Amending the Judicature Act. No. 30—Amending the Public Health Act. No. 31—Amending the Mothers' Allowance

No. 33—Amending the Trustee Act. No. 34—Amending the Municipal Hospitals

No. 36-Amending the Possessory Liens

No. 37—Amending the Optometry Act. No. 38—Amending the Hospitals Act. No. 39—An Act respecting Dogs.

No. 40-Amending the Village Act

No. 42-Amending the Legal Profession

No. 43-Amending the Stallion Enrolment Act, 1924.

No. 44—Amending the Game Act. No. 45—Amending the Religious Societies'

Lands Act.

No. 46-Amending the Maintenance Order

No. 47—Amending the Bills of Sale Act. No. 48—An Act to Validate and Confirm an Order of the Board of Public Utility Commissioners.

No. 49-An Act to Provide for the Settlement of Labor Disputes.

No. 50-Amending the Medical Profession Act.

51-Amending the Public Works De-

partment Act.

No. 52—Amending the School Act.

No. 53—Amending the Department of Education Act.

No. 54-Amending the Venereal Diseases Prevention Act.

No. 55-Amending the Domestic Animals

No. 55—Amending the Domestic Animals (unorganized territory) Act.
No. 56—Amending the School Grants Act.
No. 57—Amending the Dower Act.
No. 58—Amending the Corporations Taxa-Act.

No. 59-Amending the Provincial Loans

No. 60-Amending the Savings Certificates

Act. No. 61—Amending the Treasury Department Act.

No. 62—An Act to Provide for the Regulation of Oil and Gas Wells.

No. 63—An Act to Authorize the Construction of the Pembina Valley Railway.

64-Amending the Supplementary

Revenue Act.

No. 65—Amending the Educational Act.

No. 67—Amending the Timber Areas Tax

No. 70-An Act respecting Advances to

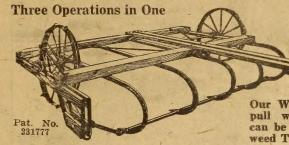
No. 72—An Act for Raising Money on the Credit of the General Revenue Fund of

No. 73—An Act to Validate and Confirm the Levy and Collections of School Taxes in the Municipal District of Springbank,

No 75—Amending an Act to Incorporate the Weno Power and Light Company.
No. 77—Amending the Stock Inspection

No. 79—An Act respecting the Investment of the Surplus Moneys of the Canadian Wheat Board Received by the Government

SAMSON ROTARY WEEDER



Our Weeder will not clog, will pull weeds better than they can be pulled by hand and will weed THIRTY ACRES per day.

A Weeder

A Cultivator

A Packer

BUILT OF STEEL AND DOUGLAS FIR - STRONG AND DURABLE

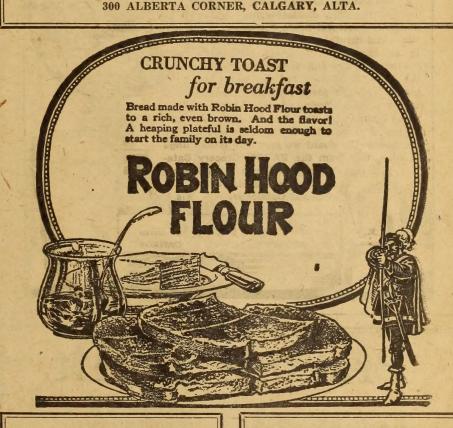
"THE BEST IS THE CHEAPEST"

"Weed your land before you seed, Grow the grain and not the weed." And you will have your weeder on hand for your summer fallow.

SEE OUR LOCAL AGENTS OR WRITE DIRECT

Samson Rotary Rod Weeder, Limited

300 ALBERTA CORNER, CALGARY, ALTA.



Registered Seed Wheat

Registered Marquis Seed Wheat for Sale from \$1.75 to \$2.00 a Bushel.

Sacks extra.

Apply to Field Crops Commissioner Department of Agriculture Edmonton.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY CO. STRATHMORE HOLSTEINS

STRATHMORE HOLSTEINS
Some exceptional young bulls for sale at present, including a number from dams with records of over 20,000 lbs. milk in a year, and sired by our well known herd bulls, winners of numerous championships on the Western Fair Circuit, offering a splendid opportunity to secure a bull with a really high class pedigree, the bulls offered being the result of many years' efforts and consistent breeding to obtain stock capable of large production combined with high butterfat tests. For full particulars, write G. H. HUTTON, Supt. Agriculture and Animal Industry, C. P. R. Dept. of Natural Resources, Calgary, Alberta, or

H. JONES, Manager C. P. R. De-monstration Farm, Strathmore, Alta.



Practise Thrift

INVEST IN $4\frac{1}{2}\%$ DEMAND SAVINGS CERTIFICATES

Issued in Denominations of \$5, \$10, \$25, \$50, \$75, \$100, \$500, \$1,000 and \$10,000. Payable on Demand.

For further particulars, write or apply to

HON. R. G. REID,

Provincial Treasurer.

W. V. NEWSON.

. Deputy Provincial Treasurer.

Parliament Buildings, EDMONTON, ALBERTA.

of Alberta, and the Use of the Income Therefrom.

No. 80-Amending the Domestic Animals (municipalities)

No. 82-Amending the Legislative Assem-

No. 83—An Act respecting the Edmonton, Dunvegan and British Columbia Railway and the Central Canada Railway.

Is Telephone System Worth Saving?

John Lund Has Sound Advice on Our Telephones and Other Matters for a Co-Worker

Under the above title an important letter from John A. Lund, of the Barons U.F.A. Local, appeared in a recent issue of the Calgary Albertan. Mr. Lund answers a member of the Local who stated he had left the U.F.A. on account of the action of the Annual Convention in proposing a tax on lands adjacent to telephone lines and makes out a strong case in favor of the Conventon resolu-

Mr. Lund has been an active member of the U.F.A. for many years, and his loyal and valued services to the Association are well known. He states in his letter that his Local was many times in the minority upon matters dealt with by the organization, but always realized that it was poor policy to "quit a fight at the first round." Later developments, he first round." Later developments, he states, fully justified the confidence of Barons Local. The only way in which any member or Local who may differ from the majority can ever hope to be effective, Mr. Lund points out, is by staying in the organization and fighting for the policy in which he believes.

As the letter is of exceptional interest, we publish it in full below:

Editor, Calgary Albertan:
I noticed in a Calgary paper that a
member of our Local U.F.A. has discovered a cause which may be the reason that the membership of the organization is not what it might be. Anyway, he has found a reason why he no longer can be a member. The reason in his case is that the U.F.A. Convention went on record in favor of taxing all lands adjacent to a telephone line, so as to insure a permanent and serviceable telephone system in the Province.

Now, while I under no circumstances have any desire to censure him for expressing his opinion, and as he happens to be a personal friend, I expect that he will allow me to take issue with him on

all points.

Poor Policy to Quit

In the first place, it is poor policy to quit a fight at the first round and to abandon an organization because the majority have a different view from ourselves. The thing to do would be to take the grievance to the Local and thresh it out there to the last thread, and if the verdict still is unfavorable, to keep on fighting within the organization where it would be effective, and if overruled by the majority, abide by it until a more favorable time. No good purpose is served by quitting.

I know from long personal experience. both in the Local and in the Conventions that if some of us have an idea that is for sound progress, that idea is not lost, even if ruthlessly thrown out by the majority when first submitted. Ninetenths of the resolutions submitted by

Barons Local, and which we thought to be good and progressive, have been snowed under by the Conventions as sure as the dirt will fly in an Alberta chinook, but no member of the Local has quit on that account to my knowledge.

Now Accepted as Matter of Course

And some of these resolutions are now accepted as a matter of course by the Conventions. For instance, the resolution submitted by our Local in 1913, that the U.F.A. should find a common ground to work in unity with organized labor for the benefit of all, was so forcibly thrown out of the Convention that it almost caused a riot, but one of the leaders of organized labor present at the time, and not allowed to speak, is today an honored minister of the crown in the Province, under a U.F.A. Government, and another representative of Labor has for four years fought a glorious fight on the floor of the Federal Parliament for the principles embodied in the U.F.A. organization.

In 1916 our Local submitted a resolution against the murderous war spirit which threatened to invade our public school system, but as mover of the resolution I was not allowed to speak one work in favor thereof, and it was defeated, sure as sin.

Today this is one of the important subjects unanimously advocated by the U.F.A., and especially by the U.F.W.A. The same fate overtook all resolutions in favor of political action. Please take a look at the U.F.A. today.

Time to Stick "Close as Collector"

No. it does not pay to quit when we are in the minority. That is the very time to stick as close as a collector when we take a load of wheat to the elevator.

For the second our member says: "Let those who want a telephone pay for it." Sure. That is exactly what is wanted. We all want one. But, with his permission, I would like to change his wording to: "Let those who benefit by a telephone pay for it." That puts a true aspect on the case.

There are many who do not want a phone for the simple reason that they do not want to pay for it, but there is no one along a line that does not benefit from it, whether they have a phone in the house or not. I have never heard of a phone being taken out because it was not wanted, but because of its cost.

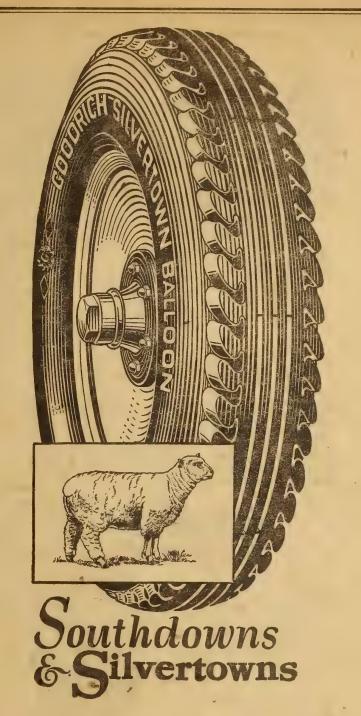
Increases Value of the Land

A telephone line along anybody's land increases the selling value to that land at least one dollar per acre. I hardly think anyone will consistently dispute this statement. So it is absolutely fair that those who benefit from a line should pay for their share of the cost of that line. I know what it means to walk a mile over a plowed field and sponge on a generous neighbor every time I have the need to use a phone. I have done it for 15 years, with the hope of ever getting one of my own, under present conditions.

For the third, our member seems to be horrified at the enormous tax which would be assessed against these lands.

Tax Would Become a Joke

While I have no data by which to make any calculations, I will venture a guess, that if all who have a phone or can get one are assessed for all the land they own in a place which can be served and all vacant land along a line are assessed the same rate, the tax would be so small as to become a joke. The number of



Both took years to develop . . . Both are hardy and dependable Both at the head of their class. Like pure-bred animals, Silvertowns are "Best in the Long Run."

There's a Goodrich dealer near you.

Canadian Goodrich Company, Ltd., Kitchener, Ont.

Goodrich Silvertown Cord Tire "BEST IN THE LONG RUN"



Protect your buildings now, and ensure their future with good paint. Paint saves renewal and repair bills.

Stephens' paints have been perfected by over 40 years' experience in making paint to suit western conditions. They are dependable, reliable and economical—they give long years of protection and beauty because they are specially made for use here in the West.



Stephens' There is a Paint for every purpose-apply it on your barn, your out-buildings, in your home, on your floor, and on your walls; it increases the value of property and preserves it from decay.

Consult the Stephens' authorized agent in your community-or write us

G. F. STEPHENS & CO. LIMITED

Paint and Varnish Makers

170 Market Avenue

Established 1882

WINNIPEG

308

WHEN IN EDMONTON MAKE

The Corona Hotel

"YOUR" HEADQUARTERS

Rates that are Reasonable.

Dr. C. E. Messenger CHIROPRACTOR

Chronic Cases a Specialty X-Ray Laboratory in Office Third Floor, Leeson-Lineham Block CALGARY

LUMBER AT SAWMILL PRICES. We can save you money on Lumber, Sash, Doors and Shingles, etc., in carload lots. Prices on request; prompt shipment and grades guaranteed.

NOR-WEST FARMERS' ASSOCIATE LUMBER CO.

530 Northcott Ave., Victoria, B. C.

installed phones would be so great that the benefit to each subscriber would be increased a hundredfold-and the telephone system of the Province would be so far ahead of any other state or Province as the U.F.A. is ahead of any similar organization in the world.

It would increase the value of our farms more than 20 times the cost of the system. It would allow long distance calls at a rate so small that communications between all parts of the Province would be universal. It is the only way our telephone system can be made permanent and adequately useful. It would be one more great stride forward along the path of permanent progress of this Province to the credit of the U.F.A., the leader of progressive thought and action in North America. And there are members of this organization who are annoyed when this progress is suggested. It is high time that the Locals realize their standing and become aware that the American continent is watching them. Let us keep our face to the front.

Barons. JOHN A. LUND.

COUNTERING THE MILLERS' AGITATION

Editor, "The U.F.A.":

I was surprised to learn at our U.F.A. meeting some time ago, that a number of our officers as well as other members are laboring under the impression that an embargo on our wheat going into the U.S. would benefit us.

Their argument is that our wheat going through the U.S. in bond for milling and being exported to the European markets was an unfair competition to our dear Canadian millers.

As this idea may have been prevalent in other places, the articles covering this aspect of the situation by President Wood will undoubtedly have done real good in the organization.

W. D. TREGO.

Arrowwood, Alta.

"CAN'T FOOL THESE BOYS"

Editor, "The U.F.A.":

Do you not think "The Observer" in the Alberta Farmer is somewhat of a ministering angel to somebody?

We farmers take his taffy as very nice; he has said many agreeable things, but when he takes us for a cat's paw to claw the millers' chestnuts out of the fire, he the filliers chestricts out of the files has another guess coming. Now is the time we appreciate the U.F.A. men at Ottawa. They can't fool these boys, and we are solid to back them.

H. C. FICHT.

Lomond, Alta.

RAISE \$39 AT CONCERT

Ridgewood U.F.W.A., though only organized in January last, has now twenty members, writes Miss Morrisroe, the secretary. Meetings are well attended, and at each meeting new members join the Leal On Manh 17th the Local. On March 17th a supper and concert was given, in conjunction with the U.F.A. Local. A good crowd at-tended, despite the condition of the roads, and \$39 was added to the U.F.W.A. treasury.

DISCUSS HOME MANAGEMENT

Home management, and the buying of supplies in large quantities, was the subject of a round table discussion at the last meeting of Woodville U.F.W.A.

THE U.F.A. RESOLUTIONS AGAINST GLORIFICATION OF WAR

an editorial under the heading "Records of War in Schools," published by the Calgary Herald, effort is made to belittle the necessity and importance of two of the most outstanding resolutions passed by the late U.F.A. Convention, one demanding "the deletion from public school textbooks of everything that tends towards the glorification of war," and the other declaring against "cadet training" in our public public schools.

Those who secure economic advantages through the means of war may be justified in opposing such resolutions. But those who are induced or forced to bear the brunt of battle, risking life, health and everything, who, whether the conflict terminates in victory or defeat, are forced to pay the costs, to them the experience and the memory of war, particularly the late war, which we were told "was a war to end war," have done much towards undermining our national patriotism; in fact, has now developed into a widespread anti-militaristic attitude.

Not Against Physical Training

However, it seems that on this question, as well as many others, there is great misunderstanding. It ought to be obvious to all who care to analyze the relation of theory as well as many others, there is great misunderstanding. It ought to be obvious to all who care to analyze the relation of theory to practice, that cadet training and the Boy Scout movement, which encourages physical training and healthy sports for the boys, are of immense value in physical development. Consequently, it is not against physical training, although to a great extent militaristic, that the farmers and the workers object, but rather to the false national and imperialistic patriotism fostered by these movements and inflicted on the youth mind, based on supposed military superiority and ability of conquest. Neither can any logical objection be raised against the study of "the acts of our men in the field of battle" if such acts be considered and analyzed with the view of finding the real motive of such acts. Furthermore, the acts of all individuals who in some form or other have consciously labored in the interest of human uplift and silberation, even though through deeds of war, in this age of struggle or justice, deserve serious comparison that we can determine what is right or wrong, through judgment based on material advantage or disadvantage.

While "it is true that Canada has never sought—probably never will seek—to engage in war which might be prevented," nevertheless, it should be understood that as long as Canada as a nation belongs to the "British Commonwealth" that we are apt to be drawn into imperialistic conflicts, and enslaving other nations and races.

thus become instrumental in subduing and enslaving other nations and races.

Noble Deeds

Noble Deeds

It is true "that the national life of Canada would be strengthened if we had less of the dry-as-dust details of history taught in our schools, and more of noble deeds."

But noble deeds are not confined to fields of battle alone. All activities produce outstanding men and women to which this nation and humanity owes much; as, for instance, our scientists, inventors, educators, authors, artists, farmers, and labor; in fact, all who by useful work, through brawn or brain, contribute—to all these we are indebted for our present state of civilization. If we learn to measure human values from a true and rational standpoint, then we will find that as human beings we are absolutely interdependent. Therefore, as a natural sequence it follows that Canada's national interest can be best served at this national interest can be best served at this time by promoting the interest and the well-being of the common people.

Against Imperialistic Wars
But as there exists antagonistic interests
on these questions, it is natural for each
side to set forth its own views. Those who believe in justice and fair play for all must, therefore, declare by word and action against tendencies that are preparing the youth of this Province and nation for imperialistic wars. As a means towards over:

(Continued on page 17)







This remarkable chick starting feed builds strong bones, sound, well-fleshed bodies, and practically eliminates leg weakness, toe-picking and other chick troubles.

RAISE BETTER CHICKS WITH FULL-O-PEP CHICK STARTER

We carry a complete line of Poultry Supplies, Remedies, Leg Bands, Mash Hoppers and Water

Agents for the Royal Brooder

Bigger and Better.

CROWN FEED & GRAIN Co.

Everything For Poultry. Carload Dealers in Hay and Grain CALGARY M3629

KODAK FINISHING EVERYTHING IN PHOTOGRAHPHY
Return Postage Paid on all Work
We have been doing photographic
work in Calgary for years and employ
none but experts in our laboratories.
Mail Your Work to
W. J. OLIVER
328a Eighth Ave. West, Calgary, Aita.



Albertan Offers Weak Defence Gross Misuse of Figures Concerning Cypress

No Consideration Given in Editorial to Pingle's Statement Re Number of Persons Voting in October Last, nor to Brownlee's Statement on Number of Voters—The Only "Gerrymander" Was in Columns of the Albertan— Shaw on "Inactivity"

By JOHN MACKENZIE

The Calgary Albertan, in an editorial of its issue of April 20th, attempts to justify its editorial dealing with creation of the new seat of Cypress. The Albertan editorial on this subject was re-printed in the April 15th issue of "The U. F. A.", together with the facts of the case, and those interested might read it in conjunction with last week's defence, and form their own conclusions.

The crux of the matter is that the Albertan's first editorial, charging a gerrymander, was based on C. S. Pingle's statement that the new riding only cast 977 votes in the Provincial by-election in September, 1925. No consideration was given in the editorial to the further statement by Mr. Pingle that in the Federal election a month following the vote in the same riding was 1,587, nor to Premier Brownlee's statement that the actual number of people entitled to vote in the constituency was 3,231, a larger number than in fourteen other constituencies in the Province.

If that is considered fair comment then the public have a good index to the reliability of further editorials in the Albertan.

The comment made by "the inexperienced political writer" in "The U.F.A." was on the Albertan's editorial headed "The Cypress Scandal". That comment stands. The comment made in the Pro-

BROODING AND FEEDING CHICKS BY THE MOST EFFICIENT MODERN METHODS

(Continued from page 7)

Don't feed fresh milk one day and sour the next. Always feed it sour, as a change is harmful.

Don't let chicks mix with old hens.

Don't feed whole wheat to chicks under one month old.

Don't feed whole oats to chicks under

six weeks to two months old. Don't make any sudden changes in feed; change very gradually.

Don't forget the brooder house must be

Don't forget milk feeders must never he empty.

vincial House by Perren Baker, W. C. Smith and C. S. Pingle was on the Albertan's report of the Assembly pro-ceedings, which was stated to be mis-leading. One reason for the report be-ing termed misleading, though not the only one, was that while the report commenced on the front page, it was conmenced on the front page, it was continued to the back page, and there split into two sections, one being under an entirely different head, and conjoined with matter having nothing to do with the Assembly report. This was the only "gerrymander" in connection with Cypress, though probably an unintentional

The Albertan makes a comparison between the riding of Cypress and that of Hand Hills. Why not compare it with Athabasca, a Liberal seat, which only polled 594 votes in the last Federal election, as compared with Cypress.

While the new leader of the Alberta Liberals, J. T. Shaw, gives the U. F. A. Government credit for honesty and sincerity, the Albertan accuses it of gerry-mandering. Which is to be believed, the official leader of the party, or its official organ?

Irrespective of political affiliations, the good work which Jos. T. Shaw did in the last Parliament before he compromised his position as an Independent, is fully recognized by those who have studied Hansard, though regret is felt that he has now allied his fortunes to that of a moribund political party. One swallow does not make a summer, and one progressive minded man can hardly transform a group of men whose attitude in the Provincial House has been reactionary into a party of progress.

Mr. Shaw gives the present Government credit for honesty and sincerity, but criticises it for "inactivity". The Government will doubtless be very glad to meet the Liberals on that ground in the coming election, and it is hoped they will maintain that line of argument.

There is inactivity on certain public questions affecting the life of the Prov-

(Continued on page 18)

STURGEON PROVINCIAL CONSTITUENCY ORGANIZED

The Sturgeon U. F. A. Provincial Constituency Association was organized at a meeting of representatives from the various Locals in the constituency on April 20th, writes F. C. Clare, North Edmonton, who was elected secretary. Other officers elected were: Charles Burnell, president; Harry Bell, vice-president: H. Peters, Bon Accord, D. C. West, Waskatenau, C. Blodgell, Gibbons, Harold King, Egremont, H. B. Watson, Colinton, A. Parham. North Bank. Mrs. H. Runnalls, North Edmonton, Mrs. Mabel Dean, North Edmonton. R. Bailey, Namao, Mr. Burkett, Tawatinaw. D. Macdonald, Onal. E. W. Corbett, Horse Hills, A. Rafn, Bon Accord, R. J. Ferguson, North Edmonton, Mrs. Lewis, Waskatenau. directors.

"Hon. George Hoadley and Hon. R. G. Reid were present and gave short addresses which were much appreciated," adds Mr. Clare. "The officers were instructed to call at a future date a convention to confirm the business done and also to nominate a candidate for the riding."

News of the Organization

Activities of Locals and District Associations and Information From Central Office-Notes on Co-operation

Didsbury Votes \$75 to Election Fund

An assessment of \$1 per member for campaign purposes was made by the Didsbury U. F. A. and U. F. W. A. District Association Executive at a meeting on April 17th, when organization for the forthcoming election was undertaken. The sum of \$75 was voted for the election campaign fund of the Provincial organization. The convention of the association will be held some time in June, the date to be set by the president, vice-president and director at large, according to seeding advancement and other conditions.

The association will actively assist the Central Office in the membership drive. "All present at the meeting," says the secretary, F. H. Spalding, seemed anxious to return the Farmer Government. Mr. Claypool was present and gave a good talk.

gave a good talk.

Officers were elected as follows:
President, N. S. Clarke, Didsbury; vicepresident, L. B. Hart, Carbon; director
at large, F. G. Brown, Acme; directors,
District 1. Mrs. Harry Braden, James
Gordon Carbon; District 2, Mrs. A.
Wills, Swalwell, J. S. Earle, Acme; District 3. Mrs. H. W. Wood, Carstairs, F.
H. Spalding, Carstairs; District 4, David
Irvine, Didsbury. Mr. Spalding was Irvine, Didsbury. Mr. Spalding was appointed director to fill the vacancy caused by G. G. Jones going away.

NEW LOCAL AT SMOKY LAKE John Ropcean, sub-director for Whitford riding, assisted in the organization of a Local at Smoky Lake. John Kinzsewich was appointed secretary pro tem.

OH! HELP THE POOR MILLER!

Oh! good, kind, generous gentlemen, we're holding forth our hands; Drop a little contribution from your rich and bounteous lands.

Dear, kind farmers we beseech you, help the poor miller, do.

Just a paitry sum, a tiny mite, is all

we ask of you.

Be good, be kind, be generous, for our plight is sore indeed. You would give we're sure if you but knew the direness of our need. The income tax, a vicious thing that you're seldom asked to pay,
Yet it from our profits every year,
draws goodly sums away.

Oh! help the poor miller pay that tax, we beg, intreat,
By granting him the privilege of an
export tax on wheat.

Oh! you noble men of noble deeds, we trust you all believe in the saying that "it's nobler far to give than to receive."

The author gives permission to the Calgary Weekly Herald to use this article, as he feels sure it will help article, as ne feels sure it will help materially in the present propaganda being carried on in an effort to secure an export duty on wheat for the bene-fit of the milling interests.

G, F, LEE, Midnapore Local. Secretary,

Receipts to date to the Junior Conference Fund are given below. Have you sent in yours? Arbor Park U. F. W. A	JUNIOR CONFERENCE FUND	, 1926
you sent in yours? Arbor Park U. F. W. A. \$5.00 Hillside, 749	Receipts to date to the Junior	Con-
you sent in yours? Arbor Park U. F. W. A. \$5.00 Hillside, 749	ference Fund are given below.	Have
Arbor Park Ü. F. W. A		
Hillside, 749 5.00 Lorralne, 680 5.00 Buttes, 666 10.00 Carstairs U. F. W. A., 48 5.00 Rosyth U. F. W. A., 251 5.00 Broadview, 1143 5.00 Granum U. F. W. A., 47 5.00 Crerar U. F. W. A. 131 5.00 Bassano, 405 5.00 Gleichen U. F. W. A., 101 5.00 Berrywater U. F. W. A. 5.00 Queenstewn U. F. W. A. 5.00 Quienstewn U. F. W. A. 5.00 Willow Creek, 301 5.00 Grand Meadow U. F. W. A., 97 5.00 Louise Lake 5.00		.\$ 5.00
Lorraine, 680		
Buttes, 666		
Carstairs U. F. W. A., 48 5.00 Rosyth U. F. W. A., 251 5.00 Broadview, 1143 5.00 Granum U. F. W. A., 47 5.00 Crerar U. F. W. A. 131 5.00 Horse Hill U. F. W. A., 131 5.00 Gleichen U. F. W. A., 101 5.00 Berrywater U. F. W. A. 5.00 Queenstewn U. F. W. A. 5.00 Olds U. F. W. A., 174 5.00 Willow Creek, 301 5.00 Grand Meadow U. F. W. A., 97 5.00 Louise Lake 5.00		
Rosyth U. F. W. A., 251		
Broadview, 1143 5.00 Granum U. F. W. A., 47 5.00 Crerar U. F. W. A. 5.00 Horse Hill U. F. W. A., 131 5.00 Bassano, 405 5.00 Gleichen U. F. W. A., 101 5.00 Berrywater U. F. W. A. 5.00 Queenstewn U. F. W. A. 5.00 Olds U. F. W. A., 174 5.00 Willow Creek, 301 5.00 Grand Meadow U. F. W. A., 97 5.00 Louise Lake 5.00		
Granum U. F. W. A., 47 5.00 Crerar U. F. W. A. 5.00 Horse Hill U. F. W. A., 131 5.00 Bassano, 405 5.00 Gleichen U. F. W. A., 101 5.00 Berrywater U. F. W. A. 5.00 Queenstewn U. F. W. A. 5.00 Olds U. F. W. A., 174 5.00 Willow Creek, 301 5.00 Grand Meadow U. F. W. A., 97 5.00 Louise Lake 5.00		
Crerar U. F. W. A. 5.00 Horse Hill U. F. W. A., 131 5.00 Bassano, 405 5.00 Gleichen U. F. W. A., 101 5.00 Berrywater U. F. W. A 5.00 Queenstewn U. F. W. A 5.00 Olds U. F. W. A., 174 5.00 Willow Creek, 301 5.00 Grand Meadow U. F. W. A., 97 5.00 Louise Lake 5.00		
Horse Hill U. F. W. A., 131		
Bassano, 405		
Gleichen U. F. W. A., 101		
Berrywater U. F. W. A. 5.00 Queenstewn U. F. W. A. 5.00 Olds U. F. W. A., 174 5.00 Willow Creek, 301 5.00 Grand Meadow U. F. W. A., 97 5.00 Louise Lake 5.00		
Queenstewn U. F. W. A. 5.00 Olds U. F. W. A., 174 5.00 Willow Creek, 301 5.00 Grand Meadow U. F. W. A., 97 5.00 Louise Lake 5.00		
Olds U. F. W. A., 174 5.00 Willow Creek, 301 5.00 Grand Meadow U. F. W. A., 97 5.00 Louise Lake 5.00		
Willow Creek, 301		
Grand Meadow U.F. W. A., 97. 5.00 Louise Lake 5.00		
Louise Lake 5.00		

\$95.00		\$95,00

ROSS CREEK LOCAL

A. Lunan was in charge of the re-organization meeting of Ross Creek Local, near Tofield. Frank H. Parker and A. K. Kofman were chosen as presi-

BOW VALLEY TO NOMINATE ON MAY 15TH
To nominate a U. F. A. candidate in the constituency of Bow Valley, a convention of all Locals in the riding has been called by the constituency association. The convention will be held at Bassano, commencing at 10 a.m., May 15th.

EDITORIAL

(Continued from page 3)

was innocuous (that in fact the salvation of the country depends upon a return to Liberal partyism, or words to that effect), the whole of the party press, including even the Calgary Herald, became loud in his praises.

The party press is true to type.

There is more joy over one convert to partyism (any brand of political partyism) than over ninety-and-nine good party politicians who need no repent-

When Mr. Shaw sought and obtained the support of the U. F. A. last October on the strength of his avowed independence from partvism, many farmers had their doubts, and gave their support with mingled feelings. The doubts which they then entertained seem to have been well founded.

According to the speeches of the new leader of the Liberal party, delivered be-fore he abandoned independence for partyism, "inaction" and "reaction" have always been major failings of the King

That the Liberal Government is unable to continue the policies of "inaction" and "reaction" intact in the new Parliament, is due entirely to the fact that the farmers of Alberta and other Western Provinces elected a sufficient number of members independent of the parties, to force the Liberal Government into at least some display of action.

A VOTE OF CENSURE ON THE PARTY?

One clause in one of the resolutions adopted by the recent Liberal convention is tantamount to a vote of censure on the Liberal party in the Alberta Legislature.

This clause regrets the "inaction of the

F. A. Government in delaying a complete redivision of the Province into ridings." redivision of the Province into ridings." It is on record that with one exception the Liberal members of the Assembly were opposed to redistribution. The Liberal members from the beginning favored the postponement of redistribution until after the next census. Mr. Bowen, the leader of the party in the Asembly, brought in the minority report, signed by himself and Mr. Mills, opposing redistribution this session, and gave numerous reasons against any action at this time and in favor of redistribution. at this time, and in favor of redistribution at the next session.

Throughout the session the Liberal members, with the exception of Mr. Marshall, were insistent that there should be no re-

The adoption of the above clause by the convention was either dishonest politics, or an intentional condemnation of the policy of the Liberal party in the Legislature.

EPIGRAMS AND COLD FACT (Edmonton Journal)

Mr. Shaw describes the U. F. A. policy as one of inaction, that of the Conservatives as one of reaction and that of the Liberals as one of action. It was the Calgary Albertan which said this first. It has been repeating the epigrammatic utterance on its editorial page for some time past. Like most epigrams it does not stand up at all well when examined in the cold light of fact.

To Secure Class "B" Creamery, Monitor

This Is Object of Vigorous Pool Sign-Up Campaign

With the object of securing a sufficient number of contracts in the Alberta Dairy Pool among producers between Coronation and Compeer, to bring the Monitor Creamery in as a "Class B" Creamery, members of the Monitor Dairymen's Association at a meeting held in March, decided to launch a meeting held in March, decided to launch a vigorous campaign. The main reason why the bringing in of this creamery as a "Class B", to handle the product of Pool members is desired, is that owing to lack of train service, westbound cream has to remain overnight at Coronation before it can be forwarded to the Stettler plant. A "Class B" creamery is a creamery operating to over one and a half million pounds.

In accordance with the Monitor decision, large quantities of printed matter have been sent of from the Pool offices, and the

been sent out from the Pool offices, and the

been sent out from the Pool offices, and the campaign will be carried on energetically. At the March meeting of the Monitor Dalrymen's Association, Dan Nelson and John Mitchell, both of Monitor, are president and secretary respectively of the Monitor Dairymen's Association, who will be actively engaged in the campaign.

R. A. Van Slyke, Secretary of the Dairy Pool, has just completed a four hundred mile trip through the territory northwest of Edmonton, in behalf of the Pool. Every district in the Westlock area has been thoroughly covered, meetings being held at Westlock, Freedom, Barrhead, Neerlandia, Lunford, Carlton Hill, Pickardville, Pibroch, Dapp and Jarvey. Canvassers are now at work throughout all that territory.

The problem in the district is the lack of

The problem in the district is the lack of adequate train service to Edmonton, only two trains a week being available. For this ceason it is desired to means a Colors Resource to serve the district.

U.F.A. Government Steadily Eradicating the Weeds and Waste From Public Affairs in This Province

Farmers Have Devoted Their Full Energies to Making Alberta a Cleaner, More Wholesome Place to Live in, and Advancing Good Legislation, States Farm Woman

Editor "The U.F.A.":

This is the season for spring housecleaning, and a fresh supply of green things. While washing blankets, making gardens and harrowing and seeding, our thoughts travel on from the every-day farmside of home-making, to the wider stretches of Alberta home-making being carried forward in our legislative halls.

We wonder if it is time for house-cleaning there also. Five years have passed since we cleaned house and altered our five-year rotation in Parliamentary fields. Oh! My! but we destroyed a lot of rubbish; things that were only valuable as relics of our childhood days; things that had been collecting dust and using energy in keeping them in order, occupying space. They were neither useful nor ornamental any longer.

We gave our gardens and fields a thorough plowing and cleaning, getting rid of "quack" grass, wild oats and old varieties of plants that were costing us many a hard earned dollar. Have we come to the place where we want another big housecleaning and a different five-year rotation? We have NOT! For the simple reason that we have adopted a new method in house-keeping and farming, and it is a good one. We do not allow the useless "truck" to accumulate. As soon as its usefulness is over it is disposed of without waiting for five years. We have opened wide our windows, and every day the purifying air and germ-destroying sunshine en-

More Practical Machinery

We have everything open to the light. We stop buving expensive—I was about to say telephone poles. I meant to say expensive "what nots" and brica-brac. We are using more practical up-to-date machinery, both in the house and field and accounting systems, etc., that keep us right up to the minute from day to day. Therefore we do not need a big cleanup.

I believe the opposition party have also opened their eyes to the needs of a new method. I cannot quite see why having an A1 housekeeper in the person of their one woman member, they did not appoint her leader. She appeals to me as being a co-operator for the good of the country, who is being held back by an obstructionist party.

To return, we do not need a cleanup this year, as our legislators are eradicating the weeds and eliminating the wastes from year to year and day to day and having become familiar with the improved methods of farming and housekeeping are very capable of making any necessary changes in due season.

I have been so occupied, that I have been unable to write of the hundreds of things that have attracted me in the last year, from the beauty of an Alberta June to my acquaintance with several members of the Cabinet and Legislature, the of whom I have had the pleasure

of "chaperoning" on the trail and at meetings, and getting very well acquainted with them in the process. Considering myself a fair judge of humanity, I want to say that they are well worth knowing and none of the other Provinces have anything on Alberta in the way of earnest, eager, willing workers. They have neither "fallen down" nor "fallen asleep" on their job. It is hard to realize that in five years they could learn the art of government and so effectively accomplish all that has been done, and they were five hard, lean years in which to work.

May Not Have Been Invited

know there are people in the various ridings, who are not satisfied. Some of their complaints are because "our member does not visit all points in the riding and hold meetings." We fail to realize that there may be one hundred reasons why he is unable to do this. Perhaps the first is because he does not know whether we want to hear him, as our Local secretary may not have been instructed to ask for a meeting until after all dates are taken. Another may be because the various Directors in the constituency may not have arranged a series of meetings at a time when his Parliamentary duties will permit him to attend meetings in points far from the railroad. Then, too, there are such things as impassable roads, broken cars and lost trails. And perhaps another reason may be that the board of directors know that the people are very careless about going out to hear political speeches. Sometimes, too, we want our member at a certain date and hour when he is on duty in the Legislature or else-

Cabinet Minister's Duty

I find that no matter how interested a Cabinet Minister may be in the constituency he represents, his duty is to the Province as a whole, and he cannot devote the time that he would like to holding meetings among his own friends in his own district.

in his own district.

Let us take our Provincial Treasurer as an example. How very much better work he is doing in keeping the expenditures of the Province, so that they can be covered by the receipts, and that is a man-size job. compared with the work of his predecessor before the big house-cleaning of five years ago. On the deficits due to the former administration commitments, we have been paying interest for five years and will pay interest for a few days yet. Deficits, too, caused by the purchase of such useless "bric-a-brac" as unused railways with expensive hotels also unused; unused telephone poles and unnecessary officers holding down unnecessary chairs in unnecessary offices, and drawing salarles for the same.

An Example of a Member's Difficulties Let us be thankful, then, even if our members have not spent the time in telling us what they have done and what

they are doing and are going to do. It is largely because they have been too busy doing something worth while. Our member for Alexandra was billed for a meeting to be held on Easter Saturday He fully expected to be there and he was very anxious to attend it, never having made that connection before, but at the last minute he found that a committee meeting was called for the evening of Good Friday in the Legislature buildings, too late to make the train connections. He was very much disappointed. No doubt the friends at the other end of the line were equally disappointed. While I was disappointed, also, as after being two days in Edmonton and finding him busy all the time, I hoped to have time on the home journey to discuss several matters and to see if we could not find some solution to the various difficulties in connection with our Poultry, Egg and Dairy Pools, as existing in this part of Alberta.

As I said before, they are busy, and busy making our Province a cleaner and more wholesome place in which to live, eradicating weeds and useless plants in the various parts of Provincial affairs. This true many of us are not satisfied with the Liquor Act, but it is a case of majority rule and we must submit, but we can congratulate ourselves that we have a clean, wholesome bunch of men, and two exceptionally fine women, conscientiously working to the best of their very "able" ability for us, and when election day comes around — may their majorities increase.

(MRS.) M. E. GRAHAM.

Riverton, Alta.

Resolution of Hudson Heights Deficient in Logic

In Opinion of Eckville Local—"The People's Voice Expresses Their Faith"

Editor, "The U. F. A.":

The Eckville Local has the following comment to make on the resolution recorded from Hudson Heights Local in the March 25th issue. If readers will refer to these resolutions they will find them to embody the following propositions, distinct or implied:

1. That the falling off in membership is due to the fact that farmers generally have lost faith in President H. W. Wood. (This seems to call for a new interpretation of the fact that the farmers' representatives have again and again elected him).

2. That this loss of faith is attributable to the fact that President Wood has been re-elected too often. (The people's voice expresses their faith).

8. That no man, however good, should

hold this office for an indefinite period. (What is meant by indefinite period?)

That the period of salutary officeholding by any one person is limited to three years. (Another arbitrary judgment).

That the chairmanship of the Wheat Pool is a job that requires the chairman's undivided attention. (This may be true, but presupposes intimate knowledge both of the chairman's job

and the chairman's capacities.)
6. That the U. F. A. is in a critical condition. (In what sense critical? Its membership is now increasing.)
7. That the undivided efforts of its

Executive would tend to mitigate this crisis. (This involves, most clearly of all, the general fallacy underlying the whole argument, namely, that the welfare of the U. F. A. depends primarily on the efforts of its appointed officers.)

There is an ancient Greek legend which may serve to throw some light on the somewhat puzzling psychology of the Hudson Heights resolutions. The custom of ostracism was a device where-by any citizen of Athens could register his wish to have a political leader dis-placed and banished. The story goes that one Aristides, surnamed "The Just" from his wise rule, met a man one day who asked him for assistance in writing the name of Aristides on his shell. "What have you against Aristides?" was the question. "Oh, nothing in particular," said the man, "but I am sick and tired of always hearing him called 'Aristides the Just'". Thereupon the ruler calmly inscribed his name on the tablet. It is not at all unlikely that Henry Wood "the Wise" would be quite ready to follow this example.

J. E. LUNDBERG, Secretary.
Eckville Local U. F. A., April 2, 1926.

DEBATE AT STRATHCONA

"Is Modern Civilization a Failure?" was the subject of a debate by members of the Strathcona U.F.W.A. Local at a recent meeting. Mrs. Frampton and Mrs. Robarts, who upheld the negative side, were adjudged the winners by a narrow margin. Mrs. D. J. Christie, in whose home the meeting was held, gave a report on the convention held in Wetaskiwin on March 11th. Mrs. Tomlinson gave a paper on current events, and Mrs. B. E. Hosford gave a humorous reading.

THE U.F.A. RESOLUTIONS AGAINST GLORIFICATION OF WAR

(Continued from page 13)

coming this tendency, the common people must endeavor to secure educational reforms which will permit such change of interpretation of historic and economic events and would enable the rising generation to see clearly the utter folly of imperialistic teaching and training. By correct interpretation of history and economics, we will be able to develop a new ideology. we will be able to develop a new ideology, and by physical training fitness, and through this preparation the rising generation would, whenever conditions demand it, be sure to fight in the interest of human liberation from universe conditions. from unjust conditions.

from unjust conditions.

Although we as producers fervently hope for the attainment of "peace on earth and good will toward men," nevertheless it is wise to be prepared for all eventualities. Those who want to be free must themselves strike the blow. By teaching and developing correct ideas this can be accomplished. "As a man thinketh so is he," therefore it stands to reason that correct ideas will promote right action towards this end, and each of us must learn to do our part.

Bingville, Alta. CARL AXELSON.



Make the Old Homestead New Again

Of course you cherish the memories of the happy days that are associated with everything in your home.

Protect and Renew Wood Surfaces With Paint!

MIRACLE is a new protection for wood surfacesboth inside or outside of the home. It gives a sure and superior finish wherever used.

Anyone can apply MIRACLE-you don't need to be an expert, there is only one quality and it covers an unusually large surface per quart.

MIRACLE 777

is made from an Old English recipe and contains only Congo and Kauri Gums, Linseed and China Wood Oil, Turpentine and Dryers. A few weeks' time with a paint brush and a tin of MIRACLE, will

make any place look new again—any-body can apply it. The same Finish or Varnish from any tin may be used on any surface—use it on any woodwork, furniture or motor cars.



The



Every can is guaranteed to give satis-faction. MIRACLE Varnish is made in clear and eight transparent stain colors. MIRACLE Finishes are made in 28 beautiful colors.

Ask Your Dealer for MIRACLE



Makes Hens Lay!

Keep your poultry in healthy, vigorous condition with



Increases Egg Production

Rich in vitamins which stimulate the appetite and aid digestion. Ask your Poultry Supply Dealer.

Send for free booklet. E. W. GILLETT CO. LTD. Toronto, Canada.

Makes Poultry Pay

SELECTED No. 1 6-ROWED

O. A. C. VARIETY

Suitable for Seeding.

For Samples and Prices Write

The Canada Malting Company Ltd.

713 LANCASTER BLDG. CALGARY

CARTESIAN ECONOMICS THE INVERSION OF SCIENCE

Two pamphlets by Frederick Soddy, M.A., F.R.S., price 20 cents each. U. F. A. Central Office, Calgary.

FARM LANDS

IRRIGATION IN SOUTHERN ALBERTA offers an opportunity for farmers in the new Lethbridge Northern Irrigation District where schools, churches, coal mines, rural telephones, and splendid roads already exist. A well settled community, no pioneering. The district is cut by three branch railway lines. Land sold on crop payments, at \$10.00 to \$15.00 per acre. Water payments spread over fifty years. Applicants must have own equipment and qualifications of farm experience. This is a proposition for real farmers who appreciate the value of irrigation as crop insurance. State fully what equipment you have and your experience. Apply, Colonization Manager, 117 Alberta Government Bidg., Lethbridge, Alberta.

FARM MACHINERY

FOR SALE-JOHN DEERE SULKY WITH 14 in. breaker bottom; used v Peter Solberg, Carolside, Alta.

SELLING REBUILT 30-60 OIL PULL AND 40-64 Rumely Ideal Thresher in very good condition. Apply Pete Tennis, Wetaskiwin, Alta.

TRADE IN YOUR OLD CREAM SEPARA-tor on a new Viking. Get our Calgary price and save money. Cushman Farm Equipment Co., Ltd., Winnipeg.

SEED POTATOES

SEED POTATOES, EVERYBODY'S FAVORite (Red) one of the best early potatoes grown. Morning Star (Red), Snowdrop, White (Early), Netted Gem, \$1.25 per bu. Stauffer's Western Beauty, a new variety developed by the grower; medium early, eyes shallow, extremely heavy yielder (White), \$1.50 per bu. f.o.b., sacks included. Jos. Stauffer, Olds, Alta.

NURSERY STOCK

LGARY GROWN TREES, SHRUBS, Caragana, Perennials and Dahlias; An-nuals, Tomato, Cabbage and Cauliflower plants in season. Geo. Horn Nursery, 1329 11th Ave. W., Calgary. Phone W1827. CALGARY

RDY ACCLIMATED EVERBEARING Strawberry plants, \$3.00 per 100 post-paid; \$12.50 per 1,000; express charges prepaid. Monrad Wigen, Wynndel, B. C.

RASPBERRIES, FOUR DOLLARS PER 100. J. Gilham, Cavendish, Alta.

ARLY (STRAWBERRY) RHUBARB plants. Ten, \$1.00 delivered. Satisfac-tion guaranteed. Aspen Glen Farm, Faust. Alta.

SEED GRAIN, ETC.

FIRST GENERATION REGISTERED VIC-tory oats (prize winning strain). \$1.75 per bushel, f.o.b. Jos. H. B. Smith, Wolf Creek, Alberta.

TTE BLOSSOM SWEET CLOVER, thoroughly cleaned and scarified, bagged 8½ cents a lb. Kallal Bros., Tofield,

BROME GRASS SEED, BEST QUALITY, 8 cents. E. C. Hallman, Acadia Valley, Alta.

BROME GRASS SEED—HIGHEST GRADE, First Prize Provincial Seed Fair. \$8.00 per 100. Alec Blackwood, DeWinton,

LUMBER AND FENCE POSTS

CEDAR POSTS—CAR LOTS, DELIVERED your station. E. Hall, Solsqua, B.C.

LUMBER, SHINGLES, FENCE POSTS, poles, cordwood and slabs. Write for delivered prices. Enterprise Lumber Co., Vancouver, B. C.

SPECIAL OFFER IN SEED GRAIN TO U.F.A. LOCALS

The Government Cleaning and Grading Plant has a quantity of Dominion Government Tested No. 1 grade Improved seed Victory and Banner oats, raised in Alberta, for sale. Price for car load shipments in bulk 60¢ per bu.

The balance of our registered Marquis wheat can be bought for \$1.90 per bu. loose in cars.

A quantity of third generation Victory oats still available at 90¢. If sacked, Oat sacks 22¢—Wheat sacks 24¢ extra.

For particulars apply to

W. J. STEPHEN

Field Crops Commissioner, DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE,

EDMONTON.

FOR SALE

FARM MACHINERY USED FOR INSTRUCTIONAL PURPOSES.

Very little worn, some part's short.

1 Heavy Cockshutt Plow, Four bottom, in good condition.

La Crosse Plow, Two bottom, in fair condition. Hamilton Plow, Two bottom, in fair condition.

John Deere Plow, Single bottom, in fair condition.

John Deere Plow, Two bottom, in good condition.

Cockshutt Plow, Two bottom, in fair condition.

Massey Harris Seed Drill for Tractor, some parts missing, in fair condition.

Cockshutt Seed Drill, some parts missing, in fair condition.

1 Army Water Tank, in good condition.

Apply to Provincial Institute of Technology and Art, Calgary, Alberta.

Taxes on Autos Are Reduced by Budget

Chief Provisions of Federal Budget— Income Taxes Lowered

As stated in the article by G. G. Coote. M.P., published in this issue, the budget brought down in the House of Commons on April 15th by Hon. J. A. Robb, Minister of Finance, shows a net reduction in the national debt during the year of \$22,353,000.

Reduction in the tariff on automobiles. reduction in income tax, and a return to penny postage, were other important features of the budget. The tariff on automobiles, motor trucks and motor cycles up to \$1,200 in value is reduced from 35 per cent. to 20 per cent.; and on automobiles of more than \$1,200 in value, from 35 to 27½ per cent. On April 19th the Ford Motor Co. announced through the press reductions in the prices of their automobiles, as follows: touring car, \$25; runabout, \$15; sport roadster, \$30; coupe, \$40; Tudor, \$45; Fordor, \$45; light delivery truck, \$20; chassis, \$30; truck, \$40.

Incomes up to \$3,000 in the case of married persons or other persons are

married persons or other persons supporting certain relatives, and up to \$1,500 for other persons, are exempt from taxation under the proposed budget. The tax on an income of \$4,000 (married person without dependent) is reduced from \$80 to \$20; on \$10,000 from \$619.50 to \$290; on \$50,000 from \$9,649.50 to \$8,380. It is proposed to make these changes effective in regard to the year 1925.

The receipt tax will be abolished, and the sales tax will be removed from a number of articles.

ALL JOIN POULTRY POOL

Practically every farmer present at a meeting held in Aetna recently joined the Poultry Pool. An address was given by P. Stacey, of the Department of Agriculture, stressing the necessity of securing bred-to-lay strains of poultry, of proper housing and feeding, culling, etc. The idea of a community hatchery was favorably received, states B. H. May, in reporting the meeting, and if a plan can be evolved that will not entail too great an expense to the individual farmer, probably 1927 will see a hatchery established in the Cardston district.

REORGANIZE LOCAL NEAR

STETTLER
Liberal Local, in the Stettler district, has been reorganized, with A. K. Pierce as secretary.

ALBERTAN OFFERS WEAK D FENCE OF GROSS MISUSE OF FIGURES CONCERNING CYPRESS WEAK DE-

(Continued from page 14)

ince at the present time. Among those

Provincial Control of Natural Resources.

Development of Spray Lakes.

Provincial Control of Companies and Charters

Northern Railway situation, with spe-cial relation to a coast outlet for the Peace River.

Revaluation of Soldiers' Lands.

Is the inactivity on these matters at U. F. A. Edmonton or at Liberal Ottawa?

POULTRY

- Cockerels stred by R.O.P. birds. Fine colored. Eggs \$10.00 per hundred. Mrs. B. Jones, Gleichen.
- SINGLE COMB WHITE LEGHORNS— Cockerels, baby chicks, eggs: mating list. Wetherall, 3621 13A St. West, Calgary.
- SELLING BRED TO LAY BARRED ROCK hatching eggs, from Ontario Government birds, \$1.50 per 15; incubator lots, \$1.00 dozen. J. H. Davison, Claresholm, Alta.
- PURE BRED BUFF ORPINGTON BRED to lay eggs from real producers, \$2.00 per setting of 15. Mrs. P. C. Loree, Nanton.
- BARRED ROCK HATCHING EGGS FROM Lethbridge Experimental Farm strain, \$3.00 per 15. Mr. Dean Larson, Box 91, Raymond, Alta.
- prize hen, Alberta laying contest, 1924-1925. Hatching eggs from 24 oz. stock mated to brothers of above hen, \$3.00, two settings \$5.00. Linvil Rash, Purple Springs, Alta.
- WHITE WYANDOTTE HATCHING EGGS from stock from Martin's best "Dorcas" matings; dam's records 200 to 267; sires, New York State Fair winners. Price 20c per egg. Satisfaction or money refunded. J. A. Larson, Fort Saskatchewan, Alta.
- WHITE WYANDOTTE HATCHING EGGS. \$1.50 Setting. Mrs. Myrtle Anning. Anning, Alta.
- PURE BRED BARRED ROCK HATCHING eggs. University strain; headed by Lethbridge cockerels. \$1.50 per 15. A. McLean, Sunnynook, Alta.
- HATCHING EGGS. BARRED ROCK. SAME strain as pen holding 2nd place in Lethbridge Experimental Farm contest February this year. \$2.00 setting. K. Randall, Haynes, Alta.
- BARRED ROCK EGGS, ALBERTA UNIversity strain. \$2.00 setting 15. Ten per cent. discount incubator lots. Cockerels \$3.00. Mrs. A. W. Samis. Olds, Alta.
- white wyandotte hatching eggs from Martin's best "Dorcas" pens; high egg production; prize winning stock; satisfaction guaranteed. Price \$2.00 setting, three settings \$5.00. Ernest Kronier, Freedom P. O., Alberta.
- s.c. RHODE ISLAND RED, BARRED PLY-mouth Rock. Baby chicks and hatching eggs. Hatching eggs, \$2.00 per setting of 15; \$10 00 per hundred. For April hatch chicks, \$35.00 per hundred; for May and June, \$30.00 per hundred. C. P. R. Demonstration Farm, Strathmore, Alta.
- BROWN LEGHORN, BUFF ORPINGTON settings, \$1.50. 235 25th Avenue north-east, Calgary.
- BARRED ROCKS 200-300 EGG STRAIN, same as my 1925-26 contest pen. \$7.50 and \$5 per fifteen. H. Higginbotham, Calgary.
- CLOVERSET FARM, EDMONTON, HATCHing eggs — Buff Orpingtons, Jersey Giants, Barred Rocks, Anconas, Hollywood White Leghorns, \$3.00 per 15. Also Tamworth hogs.

CLASSIFIED SECTION

- CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in this section for three cents per word per insertion. Count each initial as a full word, also count each set of four figures as a full word. Orders for classified advertisements must be accompanied by cash, and must reach us at least eight days in advance of dates of publication.
- Address all correspondence to "The U. F.A.", Lougheed Bldg., Calgary, Alta.

BABY CHICKS FOR SALE—S. C. White Leghorns, 20c each, Barred Rocks, White Wyandottes, April delivery, 30c, May delivery, 25c, June delivery, 20c each. Poultry Branch,

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE, Edmonton. Phone 1664.

AGENTS WANTED

MEN-AGE 18 TO 80-EARN \$15.00 DAILY. See Saturday Evening Post, April 10th, page 204. Write immediately for territory. Nogar Co., Toronto, Montreal or Vancouver.

MISCELLANEOUS

- PEDIGREE AIREDALE PUPPIES; GOOD guards; reasonable. 235 25th Avenue northeast, Calgary.
- HEAVEN AND HELL. SWEDENBORG'S great work on the life after death and a real world beyond. Over 400 pages. Only 25c postpaid. B. M. Law, 486 Euclid Avenue, Toronto.
- FANCY CUPS AND SAUCERS FREE with our famous Teas and Coffees, at very moderate prices. Freight paid on \$25.00 grocery orders. Write for catalogue today; it's free. Frico Grocery Stores, Calgary.
- MEATS CURED. I'M NOW TAKING ORders for my famous Danish Summersausage. Hogs and beef cured and smoked at reasonable rates. Specialize in custom work. Rates on request. Joe De Grood, 612 Third Avenue west. Phone M5877, Calgary.
- FOR SALE—5-TON CHATHAM SCALES.
 Good working order. Apply Sec.-Treas.
 U. F. A., Calahoo.
- WANTED—REGISTERED SCOTCH COLlie dog, one or two years old. Must be sable and white. State price and qualifications. Mary Dimm, Granum, Alta.
- FOR SALE NOTHING SO GOOD AS Sno-Ett. Quick and harmless. No soda. New discovery. Cleans everything. Whitens white clothes. Great for colors. Keeps hands soft and white. Makes wash day easy. Makes any water soft instantly. Send one dollar for four large packages. You need the best. Chemical Products Co., Edmonton.

SWINE

DUROC JERSEY WEANLINGS—MARCH farrow, prices on request. Apply early to C. E. Orn, Millet, Alberta.

LIVESTOCK

- PEDIGREED SUFFOLK STALLION, RISing slx; first prize Edmonton. Percy Williams, Bruderheim.
- TWO REGISTERED HEREFORD BULLS; excellent breeding and conformation. Percy Williams, Bruderheim.
- DISPERSING HERD, REGISTERED ABERdeen Augus cattle, \$75.00 per head. L. McComb, Huxley, Alta.
- PURE BRED AYRSHIRE BULL CALVES, \$60.00 to \$35.00. James Allan, Hughenden, Alta.
- CLYDESDALE STALLION, REGISTERED, eight years, sure foal getter. His colts are his best recommend; gentle yet lifey. Jos. S. Thompson, Hayter, Alta.

HEALTH

- PLEASANT ROOT EASILY, INEXPENsively overcomes any tobacco habit. Send address. A. C. Stokes, Mohawk, Florida.
- PILES WITH CONSTIPATION CURED.
 Cause removed, one office treatment sufficient. Dr. M. E. Church, Calgary.
- BATTLE CREEK SANITARIUM FOODS to be had at Frico Grocery Stores, Calgary. Sole agents for Western Canada. Write for the book, "Healthful Living"; it's free.

CLEANERS AND DYERS

GARMENTS AND HOUSEHOLD GOODS OF all kinds cleaned or dyed. Price list and information upon request. Empire Cleaning & Dyeing Co., Ltd., 224-236 Twelfth Avenue West, Calgary, Alberta.

FENCE POSTS, POLES, PICKETS, FUEL WOOD Write for delivered prices. NORTH WEST COAL CO., Edmonton

LEGAL AND PATENTS

SHORT, ROSS, SELWOOD, SHAW & MAYHOOD Barriaters, Solicitors, Notaries. Imperial Bank Bidg., Calgary

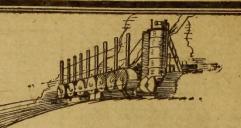
W. H. SELLAR
Barrister and Solicitor
218a 8TH AVE. W., CALGARY
Phone M7405
Res. W1788

FORD, MILLER & HARVIE, BARRISTERS.
Solicitors and Patent Attorneys and
Agents for all countries. 207 Alberta
Corner, Calgary. Patent drawings and
applications prepared by our own staff,
ensuring secrecy and prompt service.



Imitations at best are imitations. Substitutions seldom satisfy. Insist on having Ribbon Tea

The New Process



Motor Oil

Marks the beginning of a new Era in Motor Lubrication

TODAY you are offered a new and entirely different lubricating oil for your motor -- MARVELUBE MOTOR OIL.

Here is a lubricant made by an entirely new process from Peruvian Crude Oil -- the world's finest crude oil.

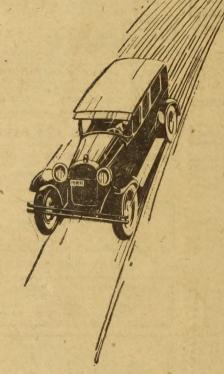
Four years of research, of rigid test and comparisons in laboratory and on the road, have proved Marvelube superior in every respect to any other motor oil ever produced.

Marvelube surpasses all the old standards that have, for so long, stood as the measure of lubricating value - - sets new standards all its own. Outstanding among these is its proven ability to successfully combat carbon deposits in your motor.

It is made in six grades, including Marvelube "F" for Fords, to lubricate properly every make and model of automobile, motor truck, tractor, motorcycle and motor boat.

Marvelube is now on sale at Imperial Oil stations and by good dealers everywhere in Canada.

IMPERIAL OIL LIMITED



This let which the state of Mercaliba and the st

"A New Era in Motor Lubrication" tells you the story of Marvelube and shows why this new motor oil can renew your car's pep and power, and protect it from repair expense and deterioration. You are entitled to a copy of this booklet free. Write for it today.

Please send me the booklet "A New Era in Motor lubrication."

Name

Address _

Marvelube
Motor OIL
Successfully combats Carbon